POCAHONTAS COUNTY BICENTENNIAL

Vol. 11

G.L. VAUGHAN

POCAHONTAS COUNTY BICENTENNIAL

"THE POCAHONTAS TIMES"

Vol. 11

1 St. Book for writer.
2nd. Book for Editor Times.
3rd. Book for P.C.H.S.
4th. Book for Meade Waugh's
Family collection.

This section started April 1, 1976.

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Lt. U.S.N. (Ret).
400 Melvin Avenue
Annapolis, Md.
21401

POCAHONTAS COUNTY

East and Center of the Allegheny
Front of the Appalachian Range.

The Virginia Colony founded Jamestown in April, 1607 - soon the early settlers imported slaves and indentured servants from Europe - and the commonwealth expanded in all directions. Captain John Smith hired as military leader of the small force for protection - was caught by Chief Powhatan - ordered executed to protect the Indian lands - an Indian Princess - Pocahontas - saved his life and set him Free.

Other colonies organized in the new world and the Chartered Virginia colony was hemmed between North Carolina and Maryland's Patomac river - however Virginia's Western border extended to the South seas.

About a hundred years soon passed and all colonies grew and the English Governor ordered there should be no expansion beyond the Blue Ridge Mountains. However between 1700-1752 many expeditions ventured West - made trades with the Iroquoise -Mingos - Delawares - Shawnee's and Senecas. The famous Seneca Trail ran the entire length of what is now Pocahontas County. These large tracks of lands-purchased tracks -- various claims and charters were looked on as good business by most of the Cavaliers of the Low lands of Eastern Virginia.

Soon word reached Williamsburg that the French in Canada were doing likewise and had large options of lands considered Virginia's. This news from the Northwest worried the Governor that the encroachment by the French would endanger his Western border that in September 1753 he dispatched young George Washington of the Virginia Malitia with a letter with information their claims were not valid even if La Salle had discovered the Ohio valley. (a). Washington hired a Frenchman at Winchester, Va. as an interpreter, then two young guides at Mill Creek, the present site of Cumberland, Md. to take his party to the present site of Pittsburgh. (a). According to Washingtons Journal he returned early in 1754 with the French plan of settlement of the disputed territory.

In 1738 when Princess Augusta married Prince Frederick - Orange Co. Va was divided - upper half named Prince Frederick County - lower half called Augusta County and land beyond that - District of West Augusta. (b).

(a). One of the young guides hired by Washington at Mills Creek was a young man , John MacGuire, whose three grandchildren married into the Scotch-Irish Waugh clan. Ann MacGuire married Samuel Waugh, her sister Rebecca married James Waugh 2nd. There is no record of John MacGuire except that he was in the war of 1812 and did not return.

(b). Washington praised West Augusta at Valley Forge during the Revolutionary War when informed that troops were leaving camp so fast that soon there would be no one 'Left!; Washington replied "Just leave me a banner to place on the mountains of West Augusta and I will rally around me enough Frontiersmen to lift our bleeding country from the dust and set her Free".

Pocahontas of the Allegheny Front
in the Old Dominion, of the Appalatian Range.

During the mid 1750's the Scotch-Irish came through Philadelphia - traveled West and down the valleys of this beautiful country - because the Cavaliers of the low lands owned all the good land which they had by this time over cultivated by planting same crops year after year - the Scotch-Irish frontiers or backwoodsmen against all orders from Williamsburg crossed the mountains - entered the beautiful Alleghenys - set up homesites or tomahawk rights. During the 1760's the Indians forced them out but they came back during the 1768's to stay.

This time they came to stay - bringing their wives and children along. Their wives carried their bibles, seeds, cutting's from plants and flowers.

The Appalation Range runs over a thousand miles NE-SW inland from all the colonies. However the Allegheny range covers mostly the entire border of Western Virginia. The East and Center of the Allegheny Front forms the Eastern boundry of the Greenbrier valley and river.

Most early settlers traveled the Wilderness road through the valley of Virginia from Harpers Ferry to Cumberland Gap into Kentuckey. Some went through Greenbrier or Randolph counties. However a few hardey peopled moved into the Greenbrier valley - saw the beautiful land and settled between the head of Greenbrier river and Renicks valley.

Meanwhile - new counties sprung up - built county seats - started new government's and county boundries etc. This land was in the center of the Allegheny Front. By 1821 the need for a new county was necessary so parts of Greenbrier, Randolph, Bath etc., was divided into a 943 square mile area and established the county seat at Huntersville on Knapps Creek, true most of the settlers were mountaineers and free men, so remembering the Indian maiden at Jamestown they named their county POCAHONTAS. Many of the settlers had some Indian blood and the name was correct.

The counties largest river - the Greenbrier - was pure green water and drained the entire valley located in Pocahontas county. This river joins the worlds oldest river near Talcot - the New, and together they form the Kanawha. Pocahontas is the Mother or begining of all the rivers of Western Virginia and has the highest average Altitude of all the present West Virginia's fiftyfive counties.

West Virginia became a state when Virginia left the Union in 1861 and her application for statehood was accepted on June 20,1863. This become final in 1912 when Chief Justice Hughes rulled that the new state owed Virginia $14,562,000.00 for improvements before 1861. These Bonds were paid in full on July 1, 1939.

However in Philadelphia on October 10, 1780, the Continental Congres approved the "Articles of Confederation", which meant that all the thirteen original colonies should abandon their western claims West and North of the Ohio river. George Morgan then prophesided that 'All the country west of Allegheny Mountain will probably be put under the United States and Virginia limited to the Waters which fall into the Atlantic ocean. If Thomas Jefferson had voted yea West Virginia would have been the fifteenth state.

POCAHONTAS COUNTY
in
WEST VIRGINIA

When Virginia seceded from the Union on April 17,1861, residents of the state were ready and willing to set up their own government. In Theodore F. Lang's book 'Loyal West Virginia's', 1861-1865, 382 pages printed in Baltimore, Md. 1895, the counties west of the mountains had for over thirty years or since 1829 had several open conventions and resolutions towards statehood. The vote on Secession by delegates from Western Virginia was over ninety percent against leaving the Union. The National Government in Washington tried to have all counties south of the Patomac down to Fredericksburg included in the new state, but the mountaineers wanted only what they could protect - however I believe the Eastern Panhandle was added by big business as the Baltimore and Ohio R.R. was using Martinsburg as its big Eastern headquarters - thus it became part of the state of West Virginia.

Virginia was readmitted to the Union on January 26, 1870. However West Virginia members in Congress were paid certain amounts by the Mother state to protect their rights and exchange of wounded and sick soldiers during the War.

Being Frontiers or backswoodsmen and a strong belief in being free it was decided at their last convention that the states motto be, "MONTANI SEMPER LIBERI". Every West Virginian should not have to be told its translation.

Back to Pocahontas county - with all its state and national parks - 31,848 acres divided into five Forrests and Parks - of which Watoga is a model for the entire state.

The county produced many men for its size in all the wars our country ever fought - from Gen. Lewis's troops at the Point to present times. James Waugh the first fought and was wounded on Sept. 11,1777, at Chads ford on the Brandywine under the Marquis de la Lafayette - Lafayette was also wounded in this battle and although he lost the battle he was advanced to Major General when only twenty years old. Note:. On Lafayette's last visit to the United States and being made a citizen of this country he returned to France in 1828. Also on this ship was a great man from just over the mountains at Lexington, Va. was a young midshipman - Mathew Fontaine Maury - later a Commodore in the Confederate Navy and the man that organized and started the United States Hydrographic Office in Washington.

Another visitor to our county was a young country boy from over Parkersburg way whose Father died when he was two years old. His Mother remarried and moved to Monroe county. While a young teenage boy Jackson walked the Seneca trail to Union to place flowers on his Mothers grave. After West Point Jackson became a hero in theMexican war but cast his lot with the Confedercy. Laura Jackson Arnold, 'Stonewalls' sister remained loyal to the Union and to this day her grave in Buchannon is decrated every Memorial Day.

U.S.S. BRANDYWINE

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR

THURSDAY, APR. 29, 1976

Early Settlers

Sam Hill has compiled the following list of the early settlers of Pocahontas County from the pages of Rev. W. T. Price's book, "Historical Sketches of Pocahontas County." The page number follows each name.

Adam Arbogast, 122; William Auldridge, 368; Col. John Baxter, 50; Henry Baker, 463; John Beard, 548; Josiah Beard, 343; John Bradshaw, 505; James & John Bridger, 558; David Bright, 542; Joseph Brown, 363; John Bruffey, 117; Joshua Buckley, 211; John Burgess, 351; Abram Burner, 426; Reuben Bussard, 538; Valentine Cackley, 197; James Callison, 435; Lewis Canaan, 565; Michael Cleek, 379; William Clendenin, 155; John Cochran, 155; Thomas Cochran, 422; John Collins, 412; John Conrad, 397; Joseph & Andrew Crouch, 565; Michael Daugherty, 400; Henry Dilley, 298; Charles Lawrence and Thomas Drinnon, 459; Abram Duffield, 451; William Edmiston, 439; John Ewing, 612; John Flemmens, 274; Jeremiah Friel, 175; Thomas Galford, 269; Robert Gay, 128; David Gibson, 195; Felix Grimes, 188; David Hannah, 219; Richard Hill, 116; William Higgins, 273; Ellis Hughes, 108; Peter Ingram, 273; David James, 347; John Jordan, 500; George Kee, 292; Daniel Kerr, 376; Charles & Jacob Kinnison, 149; James Lackey, 567; Peter Lightner, 180; Jacob Marlin, 105; Timothy Mc Carty, 404; Dan McCollam, 229; John McNeel, 135; Thomas McNeil, 381; John Moore, 289; William Moore, 355; Levi Moore, 284; Moses Moore, 108.

William Nottingham, 526; William Poage, 513; Frank Riffle, 567; Stephen Sewell, 104; Jacob Seybert, 140; John Sharp, 213; William Sharp, 331; John Slaven, 144; John Smith, 302; James Tallman, 486; John Warwick, 428; Jacob Warwick, 234; John Webb, 416; John & William White, 565; Alexander Waddell, 479; Ralph & Stephen Wanless, 455; James Waugh, 336; Samuel Waugh, 338; John Yeager, 442; William Young, 306.

The Pocahontas County Historical Society is hoping to locate the sites of the homes of as many of these and other early Pocahontas County pioneers as possible. Then it is hoped to mark these sites with a suitable marker as one of the County's Bicentennial projects. We hope that the descendants of these pioneers will take an active interest in this project.

If you have any information as to the location of these homes, please send it to Sam Hill, Hillpoint, Hillsboro, W. Va. 24946.

The Last Visit

'twas a cold and blustery Fall day in November 1963 when I made what turned out to be my last visit with "G.D.", on his farm below Buckeye, as on all my trip's home these visits were a must.

A gentle "Come in", answered my knock - when entering "G.D", started to stand until I spoke - recognizing my voice with a warm 'come in - have a chair'.

Then I realized that he was almost blind. I sat in a rocking chair near him close to the fireplace. Soon the topics of the day were past and we settled down to talk and rock. There were many periods of silence as we reached far back in our minds to recall places both had visited and had memories of.

Now and again the logs in the fireplace would drop a burnt ember sending sparks up the chimney as though to prove something in the room was alive.

Two old sailors - the teacher and his retired grade school student. We spoke of flying fish - porpoise playing tag around the bow at eighteen knots. Storms and calms - Northern Lights - Sunsets on the equator - Pizaros glass coffin in Lima, Peru, the Pampas of Argentina. Ships stores - tar and caulking hemp - belaying pins and marlin spikes - Jacobs ladder and the crows nest - flag hoists and yardarms - two block then execute.

Some thousands of miles West and we were in the South Pacific working our way North on the Asia coast and experiences on the China station. Crossing equator - King Neptune and Davy Jones Locker - becoming a shellback. More silence and then we moved from coal to oil burning ships - ships with composite hulls - steel covered with wood which was then covered with copper to retard fouling - barnacles and sea moss.

We had gunnery exercises off the West coast of Mexico and visits on the U.S. West coast - ships with mangers on berth decks to clean chain as anchor was being weighed.

Out of nowhere "G.D.", said, its a long way from the Fo'c'sle to midships - to an officers stateroom aft - but you made it without college - must have been some hard work and study. Maury's charts and Knights navigational aids and seamenship. I can recall few students I have known that could equal your record. I stammered my thanks and said work and mork work - yes studies too.

I put a small log on the fire while we just rocked - going back home soon - tomorrow I answered and the hour is late and must be going. "Always nice to have you drop in Vaughan - come back soon". - we shook hands - no goodby's or farwell's. We had sailed the Worlds oceans several years in the space of a handfull of minutes.

As I walked down to my car little did I know that this would be our last visit. When I heard of his passing I prayed that a gentle breeze would come off the mountains to the West and carry his spirit across the seas to the Highlands.

"G.D". died Sunday March 22, 1964.

"TAPS"

Taps: There it sounds with its quivering note,
Like a voice full of tears, or a sob in the throat-
That saddest, and sweetest, most beautiful call;
How its notes hold the music, in rise and in fall.

Whenever I hear it I think of the day
When for me they shall sound it-and I far away-
And I pray that they'll say, "he has fought a good fight,"
As the Trumpeter's bugle is saying Good Night.

By: Midshipman Wm. N. Porter, Deceased.

In our town there were many men that made a lasting impression on our young lives. One such person was Mr. S.N. Hench, Every summer he always put several boys on jobs at the tannery, Hunter Bean, Hubert Slaven, a boy from Greenbrier Hill - do not know his name. We became good friends and after over a year after I had left school, Mr. Hench and my stepfather worked me into a foreman's job. Along with Jim Biggs of the Beam House, Albert Moore of the scrub house, Mr. Simmons of the rolling room, Mr. Camper , outside foreman., I was made foreman of the Yard andRockers - a job I held for almost two years. In fact Mr. Cross the Traveling Superintdent and Mr. Hench wanted me to go to Clark School in Brooklyn N.Y. and study tanning. However I turned them down and soon joined the Navy.

While on duty in Annapolis, Mr. and Mrs. Mary McClintic Hench visited me several times on a stop over from New York to Roncervert. Other times Mr. Hench while passing through Washington on Sundays would call and I would spend the day with him - usualy by going to church.

Another man not to be forgotten during these times was the Rev. Sidney Goodwin, the colored minister on Greenbrier hill. Here was a very patient and understanding man with lots of the Loard's wisdom. We often had our lunch on the river bank behind the tannery and while he talked I would listen- thats the only way to learn something thats a little foreign from you andon the other side. Many a summer's day there would be hugh crouds gathered above the coal tipple to watch the faithful be baptised by total emersion acording to their christian and demoniation faith. The good Rev. is gone now - God rest his soul.

Of course We had our special sources of information and that depended in where we were going camping - if up the river on the evening train, we would contact Mr. C.J.Richardson, my sunday school teacher and Mr. Harris the station Master - they would see that our gear was loaded in the baggage car and the train would stop just at our camp site, which would give us time to set up for the night as there would be only a couple hours of light.

If going over to Tea Creek or the Upper reaches of Williams river we would seek the advise of Mr. Clawson McNeel, or Mr. Ed. or Theo. Moore. WE would leave Marlinton early in the morning - up stony creek - stop off at Baxters store at Onoto - ten cents would get you a box of Uneda buscits and a can of saradines, a short rest then up the creek and across the saddle on the left - down and old railroad track and soon williams river - up about two miles and make camp. We used the same procedure here as at a camp out at Brown Yeagers swimming hole. Gather plenty firewood and one person must stay awake all night - in turns.

Now all that land is posted and no more can small boys wonder through the forest and cut young trees- build lean toos - or cabins. These memories are stored back in the depths of my mind and will never be unlodged - just recalled - as I have over a thousand times in the past forty years, a shame that so many moments lived then cannot be experienced by the young people of today - especially those mountain boys - born in the valleys and hallows of Green-Brier Valley in Pocahontas County.

Many years ago in far away roland there was born a young baby who was given the name Frederic Francois Chopin, 1810-49. Chopin became one of the worlds greatest pianist and composer. Although he traveled much of his young life '39 years' throught Europe, spending most of his life in France. All of Chopin's works and recitals - every where - the inter deepths of the Polish country and soul was in his music. Once when asked how he accomplished this he said that as a young boy studying his music that Poland was so much a part of him that he could not part from his country - so he obtained a small urn - filled it with Polish soil and carried with him always - he never gave a concert nor composed a sheet of music withour that urn being in the room in his sight.

Like Chopin and his Urn us mountain boys have thousands of events about our childhood stored way back in the memories of our minds - and they are used too. Over a thousand times I have brought - and rather subconsciously - to the front of my mind.

After taking the Marines to Iceland in the summer of 1941 - then North Africa in late 1942 - from there straight to the South pacific and Guadalcanal for month on month escorting Marines up through the New Hebrides - Vila Efate - Espiriu Santo - Isabela Island then left into bloody Guadalcanal. After watch on watch off during this time we thought the peake had been reached but there was the Gilberts and Bloody Tarawa, sitting in the wings.

From all over the South Pacific there has never been such a conceration of warships - except possibily the force that invaded North Africa - About a week at sea we split into a Northern and Southern section. The Northern section (Army) was to take small Makin - which they did in just a few hours - there being little resistance. The Southern Force (Navy and Marines) were to take Tarawa. This lasted for three days and was one of the bloodiest battles in the War thus far. After thirtysix hours and the Marines had just made a beachhead. During this time few of the officers or men of the ships had any sleep.

Coming off the 8-midnight watch I turned in and just lay in my bunk - too tired to close my eyes or even go to sleep - evidently something down in the bottom of my mind took me back to the Greenbrier and Pocahontas - I was fishing up near the old Campletown bridge across the Greenbrier and just as I had snaged a good size bass - all hell broke loose - General Quarters had sounded and to my surprise over three hours had gone by. Went through the general routine - but what was that roaring thud - The U.S.S. Luscomb Bay, another CVE. (Kaiser built), third behind us in battle line had taken a fish in her bomb storage and she was gone- less than two minutes and over nine hundred men lost. Less than sixty were saved and they were blown clear of the burning oil.

Two days later there was no resistance on Tarawa - all 10,000 plus enemy were gone, only seven were captured - three later died and the rest refused to give any information. Our cost was over 1,600 Marines killed many wounded, two ships and many aircraft destroyed. From there we limped into Honolulu and finaly to San Diego where I was transferred to school in New York and on over to Normandy shortly after D day.

Circus days in Marlinton and Pocahontas County.

One of the greatest days of joy and excitement for a small boy was when the circus came to town for their one night stand. Long before five in the morning a large crowd had gathered to watch the elephants help unload the big wagons. Usually they would set their tents in the field on lower Camden Avenue - between the river and Knapps creek. They were all three ring circuses and us small boys would get free passes for watering the elephants - our house being the last one on third Ave. and we had two wells I made out very well.

There was Sparks Brothers, Sun Brothers, Downeys three ring circus. At noon the big parade with all the animal cages being pulled by fancy decorated horses - Bands atop some of the wagons - the steam calliope - blasting their tune all over the valley -after the night show when the people came from the big tent they found that the entire circus was down and loaded on the flat cars - by one AM they would pull out and head for Elkins.

The biggest event about the circus was when they played Marlinton on a Monday. By Sunday morning they would be set up and many of the workers and performers would attend church - visit around the town - make friends with all us boys and show us around - guess this was much better that having to chase us all the time.

Once when my ship was tied up at Staten Island in New York and I was headed for the Staten Island Ferry for New York City I passed Sparks Brothers vast array of tents and you can believe that brought back more memories than the big city which I had seen several times.

I guess that the biggest show ever to play in Marlingon was about 1912 when the "101 Ranch" of William Frederick Cody "Buffalo Bill" 1846-1917 stayed a week in Marlinton. They set up in the field behind where the High School was built and between Mr. Gilbert Sharps Planing Mill and Knapps creek. No tents - just about a ten foot high canvas wall around the field

Then I saw Annie Oakley, 1860-1926, neither she nor Buffalo Bill did anything other than ride in the parade each night. The real show was the Indians - cowboys and girls - more like a modern day rodeo. Anyhow Bill was heading his show West after an European tour and I dont think the show ever came east again - however like Haleys Comet I saw those great Western characters and very few people today can say that.

Notes on the Opera House.

In the summer the Opera House was a rolling rink - but some special occasions were held there also. About 1914 the Methodist Sunday Schools of Pocahontas County had a special meeting there. I did have a picture by Gay of all the classes standing on the wooden sidewalk or the street level. Wonder if any of those pictures could be turned up in the county today?

Another event was the first Pocahontas County Fair - Food and Canning department was held there. I remember well because Mother took first prize on Salt Rising Bread - a blue ribbon and a half barrel of Pillsbury flour. My step Father Ernest Denison took second prize with his garden tomato's both red and yellow. I have pictures of these.

Across the street from our house was the home of Mr. and Mrs. R.E.Overholt, parents of Mr. Albert Overholt, the Postmaster. Mr. R.E.Overholt was a Confederate Veteran and would often take me on the porch and tell me tales about the war between the States. He. was in Pickets charge at Gettysburg - many times while visiting that place I cannot immagine how anyone could march across that wheat field and return without a scratch - Mr. Overholt did and in his eighties he could still remember in detail many incidents of the day

Also in our block lived some exceptional women. Mr. Ed. Richardson's wife - or "Aunt Dolly" to everyone. Aunt Dolly was a nurse and would treat all us children's stone bruises, bee stings, scratches etc. Just across the street from her was Mrs Lucy Overholt, wife of Mr. A.S.Overholt. she kept one or two cows behind Mr. R.E.'s house on the bank of the slough and many times she would send over some rich cream or smear Case 'Cottage Cheese' Mrs. Lucy could keep an eye out for all the children in the neighborhood - in fact all the housewives in our neighborhood seemed to know all the time where we were and just what we were doing.

In November 1913, my Mother married again - this was a good turning point in my life for at last I had someone to confide in. Mr. Clyde Ernest Denison, Father of Anna - and I shared experiences and being more than just a stepfather he was a friend and taught me many things - his advice and guidance was a great help - he stood behind me and advised me, helped me in my work, and never turned his back on me. To Ernest Denison I owe a great deal. This firendship lasted over thirty five years - with Anna, Jenny and Myself we were with him at the end.

One memorable event in my young life was my first Coon hunt. Mr. Ed. Richardson with his coon dog 'Ring', Dr. E.G.Harold. D.D.S. my stepfather Ernest Denison and myself started out about dark - everyone wore hunting coats except me but the excitment kept me going. Walked down the railroad about a mile below Stillwell, then took to the hills - up a ravine - after about two hours and being I knew not where we stopped for a rest. Then Mr. Ed. turned ole Ring loose and he took off - after that it was for us to keep up with him.

After a while Mr. Ed. said he is on a trail - still more yelps - after about two hours he changed his bark and the others knew that the Coon was treed. Now as the hard part - make a bee line for that tree - shoot the coon down, size him up then hand him back high up out or reach of Ring.

Now comes the best part of a Coon hunt - getting breakfast - never saw so many pots, pans and food come out of those coats. Soon a fire was going, coffee boiling - hot and strong. Flapjacks, ham and eggs, hot buscits etc. By dawn we were back at "Aunt Dolly" and another breakfast - for her boys. The skin tacked on the barn to dry. And that was my first coon hunt.

THE NEWS AMERICAN Sunday, April 18, 1976

W. Va. Town Lays Claim To Revolution's 1st Fight

By United Press International

PT. PLEASANT, W.Va. — Two hungry soldiers, wandering from camp to hunt for breakfast meat, suddenly look up through the morning mist that hangs along a riverbank and into the painted faces of advancing Indians.

From trees, logs and anything else that affords them cover, the Indians cut loose with a volley of musket shots.

One soldier drops, dying of his wounds. The other escapes to spread the alarm.

Troops are roused from sleep. Before long, the forest comes alive with the blasts of firearms, the orders of Indian and white commanders, the screams of dying men.

Depending on the historian, the conflict either was a local one between settlers and Indians, or the first battle of the American Revolutionary War.

Tradition favors the former, giving Lexington the honor as the site of the "shot heard 'round the world."

But the evidence weighs heavily in support of the latter, and the city fathers of this Ohio River town can put up some convincing arguments. A billboard on the outskirts of town declares it as the site of the first Revolutionary battle.

They re-enacted the skirmish two years ago, and this year, in America's 200th birthday observance, the town has reason to swell with pride.

After all, if their version is correct, the Indians were part of a British conspiracy and the bloodshed in this frontier town of two centuries ago was the first brushfire of the revolution.

Nothing can sway folks like Jack Burdett from that stance.

An attorney, Burdett single-handedly took on the task of reconstructing Ft. Randolph, put up the year after the battle. He collects historic memorobilia and can rattle off facts and figures as if he's in a courtroom, directing the town's "defense" of its historic claim.

"Congress supports us, you know," he says with a relish, pointing to a 1908 act that designated the town as the site of a revolutionary battle.

Before Gen. Andrew Lewis clashed with the Indians and white renegades under Shawnee chief Cornstalk, the incensed colonists already had dumped tea in Boston's harbor and thumbed their noses at the Stamp Act.

Cornstalk, who had led his 1,000 warriors from various tribes across the Ohio River into battle, was to be shot to death about three years later at Ft. Randolph by settlers enraged over the murder of a white hunter.

In his last breath, Cornstalk delivered a curse on Pt. Pleasant, and to this day, many blame the chief's invocation on the city's frequent brushes with tragedy.

A four-day observance is planned in October at the 202nd anniversary of the battle, deliberately on a smaller scale than the 1974 bicentennial observance.

THE ARTICLES OF CONFEDERATION

AN INTERPRETATION OF THE
SOCIAL-CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY OF
THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION
1774–1781

*

BY

MERRILL JENSEN

*

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THE FRONTIER TIMES - MARCH 11, 1976

Jones, who was convinced that Virginia was too large for "republican Government," wrote from Virginia that he felt sure the condition voiding land purchases from Indians would be attached to any cession by the state, "as there are jealousies entertained of certain Individuals greatly interested in that question." [24]

Finally, on October 10, 1780, Congress disposed of the committee report in accordance with Virginia's demands by agreeing to all except the one voiding purchases and deeds from Indians. This was once more postponed.[25] Madison at first determined to lay the whole matter before the Assembly but finally concluded to leave it entirely in the hands of Joseph Jones to do with as he saw fit. Madison thought that many members of Congress who had voted against voiding the land claims did not wish to encourage the land companies. Furthermore, he did not want to discourage the Assembly from making a cession.[26] This postponement by Congress is undeniable proof that the interest of the land companies was a predominant influence in the whole dispute. Their desperation would not have been lessened by the knowledge that their rivals, the Virginia speculators, were to be protected in both the regions to be ceded and the region to be guaranteed to Virginia.

George Morgan was not a man to surrender easily. Once more he approached the Virginia delegates, this time with an entirely new scheme for settling the Indiana claim to his satisfaction. He proposed that the dispute between the company and the state be submitted to arbitration according to the method laid down by the Confederation. To this the Virginia delegates haughtily replied that their state had finally decided the matter and that it was beneath the dignity of a sovereign state to submit to a foreign tribunal a case that involved only the claims of individuals.[27] In spite of this rebuff Morgan was jubilant over the defeat of the Virginia demand for the voiding of Indian purchases and over the congressional recommendation for land cessions. He prophesied that "all the Country, West of Allegheny Mountain will probably

[24] To James Madison, in Burnett, *Letters*, 5:399; Jones to George Washington, October [2], *ibid.*, 396.
[25] *Journals*, 18:915–916.
[26] Madison to Joseph Jones, October 17, in *Writings*, 1:79–81.
[27] Burnett, *Letters*, vol. 5, p. 455, note 1; Madison to Joseph Jones, November 22, in *Writings*, 1:98–99.

be put under the Direction of the United States, & Virginia limited to the Waters which fall into the Atlantic from the West & North West." [28]

In sending Morgan's propositions to Governor Jefferson, Theodorick Bland remarked that "every art has been and tis probable may be used, by that Company to extend their influence and Support their pretensions, and we are Sorry to say that we have Suspicions founded upon more than mere Conjecture, that the land Jobbs, of this Comp'y, the Vandalia, and the Illinois Companies, have too great an influence in procrastinating that desirable and necessary event of Compleating the Confederation." [29] Madison was even more alarmed than he had been over the rejection of the condition voiding Indian purchases. He reiterated the necessity of attaching conditions to any cession that might be made. While expressing his belief that Congress would not satisfy the cupidity of the "land mongers," he made it plain that he believed "the best security for their [*Congress'*] virtue, in this respect, will be to keep it out of their power." [30]

With such warnings and advice to guide it, and with the conviction among a majority that a grant should be made, the Virginia Assembly took up the matter of ceding her claims. On January 2, 1781, an act was passed by which all Virginia's claims northwest of the Ohio River – "The Old Northwest" – were ceded to Congress, providing the conditions were met. These conditions were the same which George Mason had suggested in his letter to Joseph Jones in July, 1780, including the guarantee which Congress had refused to give: that all purchases and deeds from Indians within the territory ceded be declared null and void.[31] Title to the land could not pass to Congress until these conditions were met.

[28] George Morgan to Captain John Dodge, Fort Jefferson, December 1, 1780, in the Draper MSS., 50J76, in the Wisconsin Historical Society.
[29] November 22, in Burnett, *Letters*, 5:455–456. See also Ezekiel Cornell to Governor William Greene, October 24, *ibid.*, 425–426. "The Indiana affair is a matter of great consequence. the state of Virginia hath undertaken to vacate the title made to the grantees and take the land to themselves, which proceedings gives much uneasiness to the original proprietors as it is a Country of immense value and they have made applications to Congress for relief who in my opinion, have little to do in the affair."
[30] November 22, in *Writings*, 1:98, 99.
[31] *Journal, House of Delegates, 1777–1780*, 80.

Durbin Bicentennial Commission

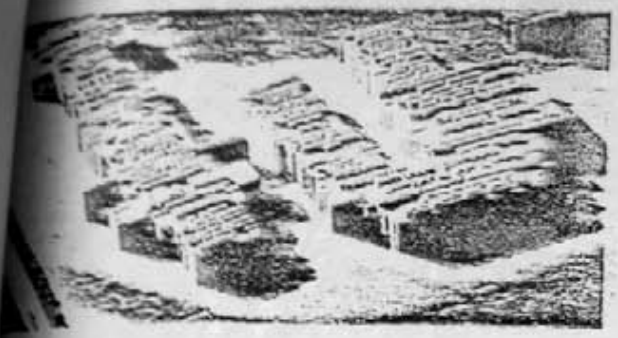
The Durbin Bicentennial Commission will meet this Thursday, March 11, at 7 pm in the Mayor's office. Everyone is welcome.

The Commission is planning to have a parade and festival on July 3 in commemoration of the Fourth. Any club, organization, or individual that desires to participate is asked to contact Mrs. Louise Collins.

The Commission wishes to thank the Durbin Moose Lodge for donating the use of their Hall for the square dance on February 28.

Also, thanks to those who came and those who donated their services, sandwiches, and coffee.

Special thanks to the musicians, Richard Daugherty, Lee Kramer, Clyde Mick, and Arnold Roberts, and figure caller, Clifford Barkley, for the fine job they did.



Last of Hand-set Newspapers

Pocahontas Times

BOB KITTLE

MARLINTON, W.VA.—After 10 o'clock on most nights, the only lights still burning in this sleepy town emanate from a cluttered newspaper office on Second Avenue.

Inside, Jane Price Sharp is putting out America's last hand-set newspaper—the Pocahontas Times, a weekly which has remained virtually unchanged since 1892, when the country editor's grandfather, a Confederate Army veteran, established the first press here.

"Grandpa was a man who believed everyone ought to have something to read," Mrs. Sharp said of the Presbyterian minister who served as a chaplain to Southern troops, and edited the Times until 1905.

At 56, Mrs. Sharp and her six employes are among the last practitioners of a dying art—setting newspaper type by hand. The task is a slow and tedious one, requiring every letter, punctuation mark and space to be placed in rows on galleys of heavy metal type.

But like most aspects of this remote farming community, the newspaper's practices are dictated by tradition. And although the Times has given in to some modern ways, its front page will be set by hand forever, Mrs. Sharp says.

"We've kept setting type by hand for so many years because that's the way my father and grandfather put out the paper. That's just the way it's always been done," Mrs. Sharp explained.

About the turn of the century, Mrs. Sharp's grandfather William T. Price, a prolific writer and fiery preacher, invested in a modern Linotype press—the kind used by most newspapers until recent years.

"But the press broke down so often that they sent it back after just a few weeks and returned to hand-set type," said Bill McNeil, Mrs. Sharp's nephew and the only man employed by the Times, which, until last month, had been published solely by women for more than a decade.

"At least when they were setting type by hand, they didn't have to worry about everybody breaking down at once," Mrs. Sharp added.

Today the front page of the Times is printed on a 1911 vintage Babcock flatbed press. Originally driven by steam power, the aging machine is operated by an electric motor which frequently requires manual assistance to keep going.

Newspaper-sized sheets are fed by hand into the press, which is particularly cantankerous in cold weather, at a rate of about 1,000 pages an hour.

"In the old days, they really had to stoke the pot belly stove to keep the press going," McNeil noted.

But Mrs. Sharp added, "The old press is a pretty sturdy animal. She doesn't require much maintenance."

Only two pages of each edition of the Times are printed on the flatbed press. The other six to 10 pages are printed in Lewisburg on a modern off-set operation.

About 22 hours of continuous press time would be required to print all 5,600 copies of the newspaper on the old press, McNeil said.

The Times earned its fame as a country newspaper during the first half of this century, when Mrs. Sharp's father, Calvin Price, was at the helm.

During the 52 years he edited the weekly, Price became a well-known conservationist and author. His popular field notes and stories about panthers which roamed the Pocahontas County mountains became an institution to thousands of West Virginians.

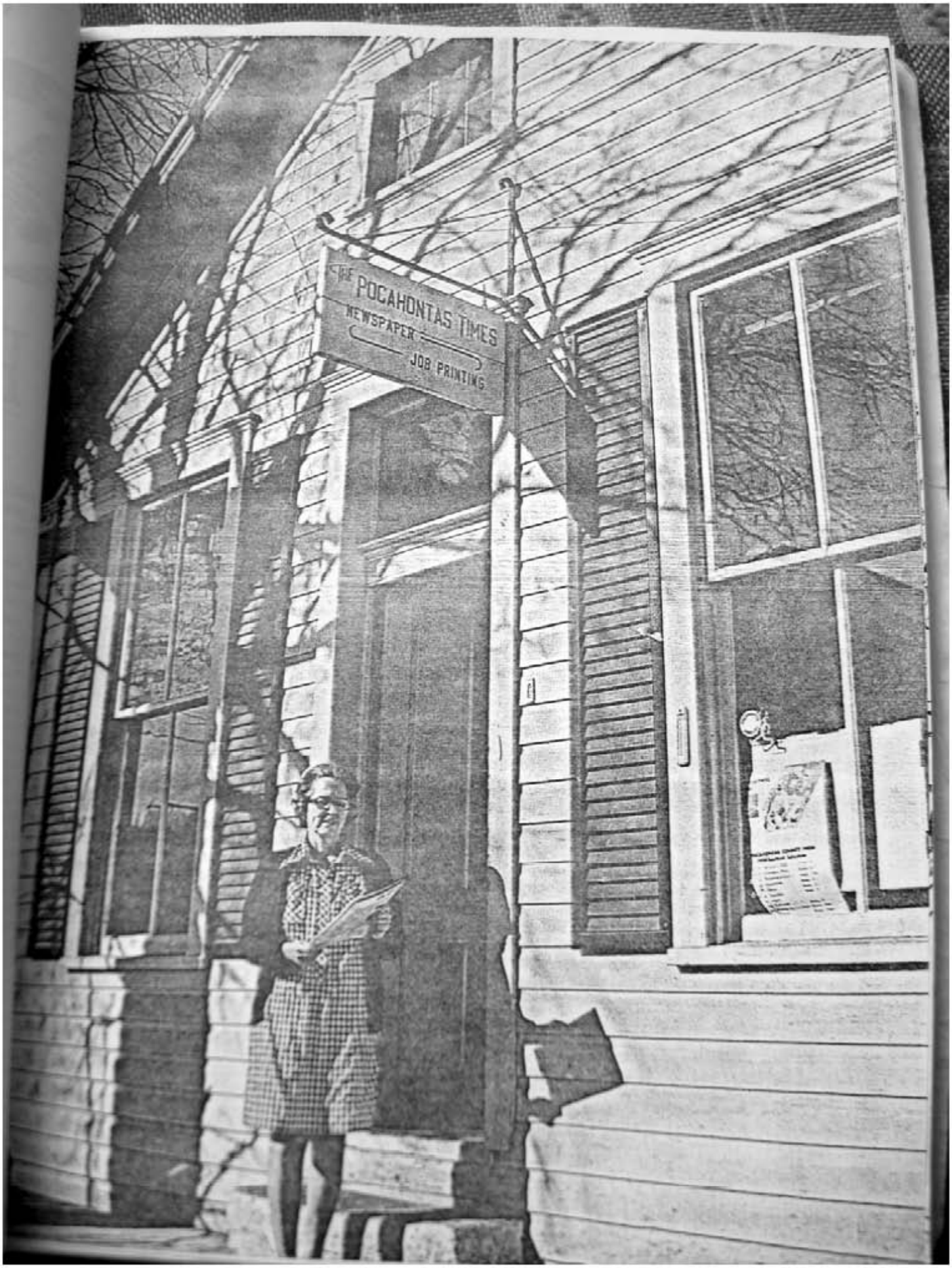
In 1954, Calvin Price State Forest at Dunmore was dedicated to the long-time editor and publisher who suffered a fatal heart attack three years later while operating the press in his tiny newspaper office.

"At the time, I had never run the press or done any of that kind of work," said Mrs. Sharp, who went to work alongside her father in 1944, after her husband Basil was killed in battle in Germany.

"But we had to get a paper out. The Times had

(Continued on Page 29)

Mrs. Jane Sharp, editor and publisher of the noted Pocahontas Times. Her late father, Calvin Price, former editor of the newspaper has a state forest named after him.


THE POCAHONTAS TIMES
NEWSPAPER
JOB PRINTING

Pocahontas Times...

(Continued from Page 10)

Bill McNeil, handsetting type for the Pocahontas Times

Mrs. Sharp, the editor, at her press

PHOTOS BY BILL TIERNAN

never missed a week, so I rolled up my sleeves and went to work. At the time, I had no idea whether we'd still be here a year later," the gray-haired Mrs. Sharp said.

Like the newspaper, the office of the Times looks just about like it did when it was built in 1901, McNeil, 76, said.

Aging calendars and nostalgic photographs line the walls, and the rows of dusty books at one end of the wooden structure have remained undisturbed for decades, McNeil added.

Among the volumes collected by preceding editors are the Official Records of the Civil War, and the 1895 edition of Encyclopedia Britannica.

The front office of the Times houses a wealth of Americana which began to accumulate at the turn of the century, when Marlinton residents made plans to establish a museum there.

The museum never materialized, but a disarray of relics, including Indian artifacts and Civil War weaponry, still graces the cluttered room.

During the years the Times chronicled fires and floods which struck this rural county, the population dwindled, but the newspaper's circulation increased.

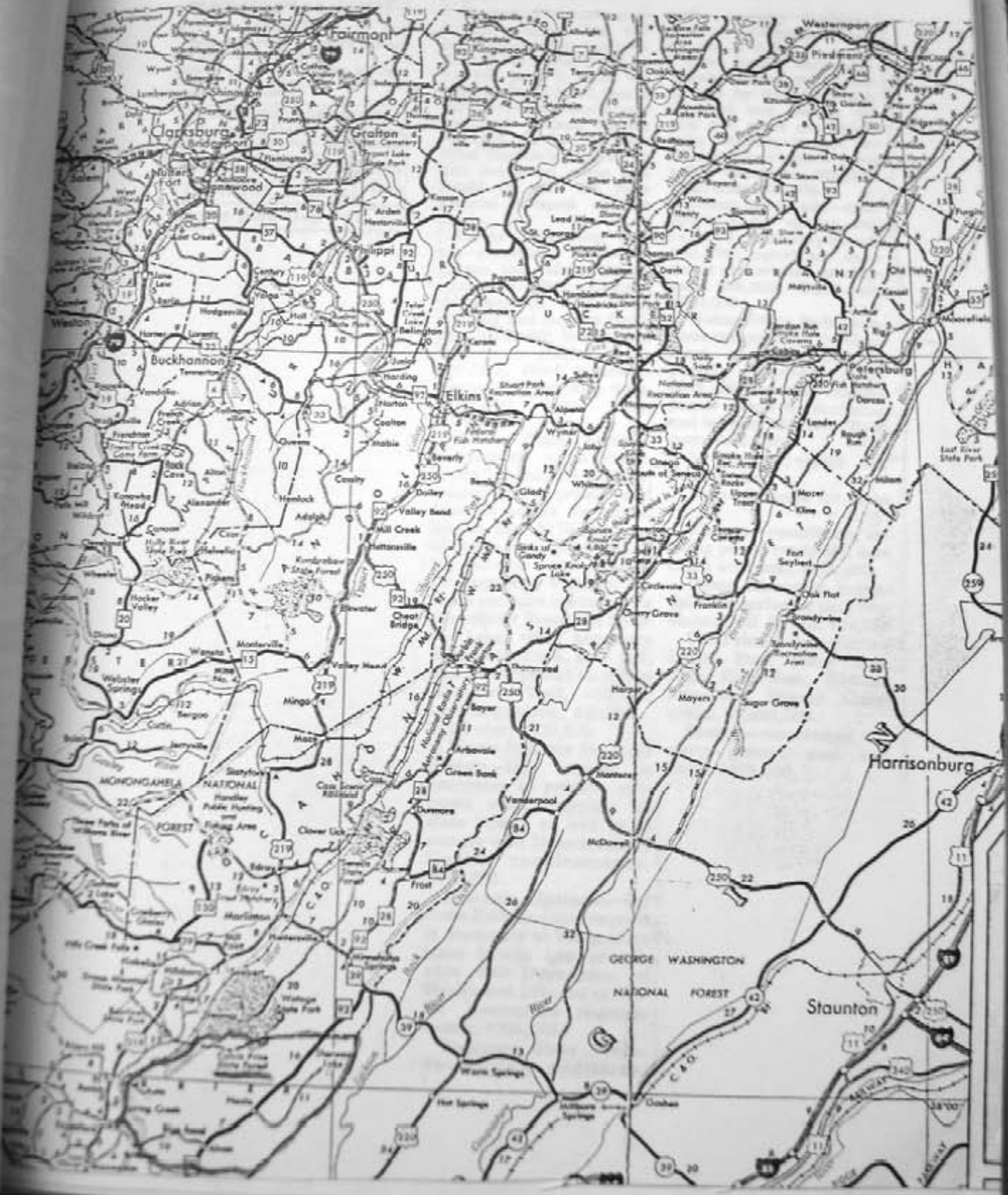
Today, the Times has readers in every state and half a dozen foreign countries, where Pocahontas County servicemen are stationed.

"Wherever residents of the county went, the Times went too," Mrs. Sharp said.

During quieter moments, the country editor reflects proudly on the historic legacy left to her by Calvin Price. "Of course, I'm not the writer daddy was. But that doesn't bother me. Most of the time I don't have time to think about it. I just pitch in and do what has to be done," she concluded.

—Reprinted from THE CHARLESTON DAILY MAIL

NOTE:- Correcting the location of Calvin Price State Forest as given in the "Wonderful West Virginia Magazine" of March 1976. Location is several miles below Dunmore. 7glv



POCAHONTAS TIMES
(Page 2)
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Entered at the Post Office at Marlinton, West Virginia 24954, as second class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION CHARGES
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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR

THURSDAY, MAR. 11, 1976

Pioneer Days—July 9-11, '76

Parks and Recreation

This program has not been approved by the Legislature but probably will so we will print it while we have the list at hand; this is part of the Governor's proposal of projects costing $33,000,000 to improve West Virginia's State Parks and recreation areas and would be paid for from Federal revenue sharing funds.

Calvin Price State Forest—construct residence, garage and related development, $75,000; construct maintenance and shop building and support facilities, $100,000; hunter and fisherman access trails $30,000; road improvements in Spice Run area, $100,000. Total cost; $305,000.

Seneca State Forest—construction of a campground to include utilities, related development and four pit toilets for winter hunter use, $175,000; picnic area expansion including shelter and related development, $75,000; develop vacation cabins along Greenbrier River and Seneca Lake with necessary support facilities, $175,000; trail development including Allegheny Trail, $20,000; land acquisition, $30,000. Total cost: $525,000.

Water Systems for State Forests—this request is necessary to provide adequate water supplies on state forests as well as to comply with Department of Health requirements, $675,000.

Sewage Systems for State Forests—this request is necessary to bring some state forests into compliance with Department of Health and Division of Water Resources requirements, $765,000.

Beartown State Park—developing additional trails, sanitary facilities, parking, interpretive shelter, etc., $45,000.

Cass Scenic Railroad—replace railroad station destroyed by fire, $125,000; demolish and remove old mill and other out buildings, $50,000; upgrade existing railroad track to meet safety standards, $25,000. Total cost:$200,000.

Droop Mountain—construct picnic shelter and related development, $65,000; construct residence and related development $65,000. Total cost: $130,000.

Watoga State Park—continue campground development including utilities, parking, site development, $375,000; renovate existing tennis courts by surfacing and fencing, $25,000. Total cost: $400,000.

Sewage Systems for State Parks.

Water Systems for State Parks.

Watoga—resurfacing existing paved roads and new camp area road $275,000.

Droop Mountain Battlefield—resurfacing park residence to U. S. 219, $38,000

Cal Price—resurfacing Laurel Run, Perry Run, Nigh Gap Run, Oldham Run and Beaver Creek roads, $1,430,000.

Seneca—resurfacing camp ground road and trails, $676,000.

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR
THURSDAY, MAR. 25, 1976
Pioneer Days—July 9-11, '76

Pearl S. Buck Birthplace

At the West Virginia Federation of Women's Clubs Convention at White Sulphur Springs last week, the drama gained added momentum on Friday morning, March 19, when Mrs. Scarbo, in one of her last appearances as Federation President, presented Mrs. George Hoylman, the Birthplace's President, with a gigantic contribution of $7,500.00 from the Federation. "This gift," Mrs. Scarbo specified, "was made to pay off the Foundation's indebtedness which has been necessitated by legal and transportation fees in the acquisition of Miss Buck's original manuscripts for West Virginia." Mrs. Hoylman, at a subsequent Board meeting thanked the Federation for its continuing generosity, especially in underwriting the cost of acquiring the manuscripts for West Virginia.

At the meeting, the Foundation's Board reviewed the architectural plans for restoring the Birthplace farm's old barn. It was also learned that the Marlinton Woman's Club intends to donate a life membership to the Foundation. In attendance from Pocahontas County were Mrs. Libby Rexrode (Vice President) and David Corcoran. In addition to Mrs. Hoylman the following Directors attended: the Honorable Cecil Underwood, Jane Meadows, Virginia Yates, Marie Leist, Woodrow Taylor, Kenneth Swope, Peg Friedman, Katherine Findley and Mrs. Delmas Miller.

March 15, 1973

PERKASIE, Pa. (AP) — The nine adopted sons and daughters of author Pearl S. Buck buried her quietly Friday under an ash tree on her beloved Bucks County farm, a gravesite she chose herself in her own "good earth."

The 80-year-old daughter of Chinese missionaries, who died Tuesday in Vermont, had written 85 books. The most famous was her second novel, "The Good Earth," which won her the coveted Pulitzer and Nobel prizes.

The funeral was private.

The family first gathered around the plain mahogany casket in the library of the big house Miss Buck bought in the 1940s to be near her only real child, a retarded daughter of her first marriage that ended in divorce. The daughter didn't attend.

There was no religious service and no minister, just a brief eulogy centering on Miss Buck's impact on world literature in nearly a half century of writing.

"Mother wanted it that way, quiet and simple, no big show," said Edgar Walsh, a New York stockbroker who acted as spokesman for his three sisters and five brothers. "We carried out her wishes."

At the grave, 300 yards from the house down a small hill and shaded from a bright winter sun by a grove of trees, two of Miss Buck's poems were read by Edgar Walsh. One went:

"I remember when I was born. I do remember:
Through eternity I slept,
"By its quiet waters swept,
"In its silence safely kept.
"All unknowing night or day,
all unthinking there I lay "Suddenly by life compelled,
I was free no longer held.
"Free to live or free to die,
Free to be that which am I.
"I remember when I was born. I do remember."

A memorial service was held in the afternoon at the headquarters of the Pearl S. Buck Foundation in nearby Philadelphia. She had created the foundation to support Asian children fathered by American servicemen, and in 1967 gave it most of her estate and royalties from her books, a gift valued at $7 million.

Besides Edgar Walsh the other children are Janice Walsh, Gardensville, Pa.; Richard Walsh, Dublin, Pa.; John Walsh, Ottsville, Pa.; Mrs. Jean Lippincott, Dublin; Mrs. Henrietta Teusch, Middlebury, Vt.; Mrs. Chieko Singer, Orleans, Mass.; Mrs. Joann Moser, Perkasie, and Teresa Walsh, Pittsburgh. All were adopted after Miss Buck married Richard J. Walsh, her publisher in 1935. He died in 1960.

Also attending were Miss Buck's sister, Mrs. Grace Yaukey, Washington, D. C., several grandchildren and a few cousins.

The other graveside poem said in part:

"I live alone through dreams I share. The people? Ah, they are not there!"

would hear her

A MEMORIAL SERVICE FOR PEARL S. BUCK

Presented by Mrs. Maynard Crawford

Marlinton Woman's Club March 9, 1973

Let not your heart be troubled: ye believe in God, believe also in me. In my Father's house are many mansions: if it were not so, I would have told you. I go to prepare a place for you. And if I go and prepare a place for you, I will come again, and receive you unto myself; that where I am, there ye may be also. St. John 14:1-3

The following Scripture is not ordinarily a part of a Memorial Service; however it seems fitting to the life of Miss Buck. St. Matthew 25:14-30 (Parable of the Talents).

Pearl Sydenstricker Buck, daughter of Rev. and Mrs. Absolom Sydenstricker, was born on June 26, 1892, at Hillsboro, West Virginia, and departed this world on March 6, 1973, in Danby, Vermont. It was fate that Miss Buck was born in our County, since her parents were missionaries to China. How grateful we should be that this lady of distinction was and has been associated with our County, State, and lives!

Let us reflect upon the life of a lady who entered our lives indirectly through the 85 published volumes, and directly by the personal contact we have had with her during the past years.

I remember, during my school days, reading some of her books, being completely captivated, never dreaming that the day would come when I would hear her speak. She has enriched our lives in so many ways and has challenged us to live to a greater capacity.

In 1963, Miss Buck came to Pocahontas County, touring points of interest, returning to lunch with local people, in Marlinton, before going to the opening of our Museum. In the ensuing years, she has been a frequent visitor to West Virginia, inspiring, encouraging, and instructing in the restoration and refurbishing of her "Mother's House." Because of these

visits, some of the inner thoughts of this great lady has been revealed.

Once, at a news conference, she was asked to reflect upon Christmas. Her reply was, "Oh, Christmas is every day of the year, for every day there are wonderful things that happen to you."

Miss Buck admired great people, but greatness to her did not mean wealth, position, or prestige. She exemplified this in a conversation at a luncheon at The Greenbrier in 1971. That day the family cook of many years was being buried, and she spoke of the greatness of this woman, and how faithful she had been to Miss Buck. Continuing in this trend of thought, Miss Buck spoke of the profound influence her mother had upon her, and what a great person she was.

Speaking to the student body, and guests, at the Pocahontas County High School, she said "that to become famous was not by chance. To become famous one must constantly work hard, and, after becoming famous, many of the privileges of a private life must be sacrificed."

Last July, when Miss Buck was again in our County, the Board of Directors of the Pearl Buck Foundation honored her with a surprise birthday dinner. During the evening she spoke informally to the group assembled. She was asked about her aspirations for the restoration of her home and the Cultural Center that is to be built. She became quite excited about her hopes for the future. She said "that not everyone was fortunate enough to have two nations to love, one the nation of your birth and one a nation by adoption." She was concerned about peace and understanding between China and the United States. She was determined that if the people of these two countries could sit down together and discuss their problems, understanding would be the result. Miss Buck hoped that the time would soon come when, at the Cultural Center, delegations from China and the United States would come together for a sumposium, and, through this, her two beloved countries could achieve peace. Her dream should become our challenge. The torch of love that she bore so proudly must now be kept aglow by those who loved and respected her.

We of Marlinton have truly been blessed because our lives have touched the life of this great lady, Pearl Buck. We have met her, known her, and loved her. I think this poem best expresses the feeling we share for Miss Buck.

Board of Education

The Board of Education met for a special meeting on Monday, February 16. The purpose of this meeting was to work on the manual of school policy that the Board is in the process of developing for the Pocahontas County school system.

The Board of Education met for a regular meeting on Tuesday, Feb. 24. The Board agreed to purchase four new school buses, two for 66 passengers and two for 54 passengers, at a total cost of $30,126.00. It is estimated that $43, 945.00 will be received from the state for the purchase of new buses in 76-77 and the Board presently has $12,385.30 in account for buses.

The Board approved payment in lieu of transportation of 50c per day to Mr. and Mrs. Jess Collins.

The Board approved a Fire Service Training Course in cooperation with W.V.U. and the State Department of Education with the class to be taught at the Hillsboro Fire Station. The funding for this course is through but not by the Board of Education.

The use of the Marlinton School cafeteria by the Pocahontas County Sheriff for a meeting on March 3 and by the Marlinton Rotary Club for a pancake supper on March 6 was approved.

Rebecca Ann O'Brien was hired as a substitute teacher for the remainder of the 75-76 school year.

Maternity leaves were approved for Debora Johnson, effective on Feb. 24, and Susan Peck, effective from Sept. 7.

Betty Seaman was transferred from Hillsboro Elementary School to Marlinton Elementary School for the 76-77 school year.

Charles W. Young was continued on eleven months employment.

The Board considered the annual 4-H budget request presented by Ancil Schmidt and agreed to defer for future action.

Approval was given to a request by the State Director of Transportation for a bus and driver to take approximately 40 students and 4 chaperones to Cedar Lakes, Ripley, in June for a Special Vocational Education Workshop.

The Board approved the request of Quentin Stewart, Jr. to take 12 PCHS students to W. Va. State, March 25-26; this is a part of a Multi-Ethnic Fair, sponsored by W. Va. State wherein PCHS will develop, write, and tape a TV program on the Heritage of Pocahontas County.

Charles E. McElwee was employed as Title I Director for Pocahontas County for 76-77.

The Board continued study of the proposed school policy manual and approved payment of bills presented by the superintendent.

The next regular Board meeting is on March 9.

Major Harold Tucker Reynolds will be the speaker at a public meeting of the Marlinton Woman's Club on Friday, March 12, at 8:30 P. M. in the auditorium of the Municipal Building in Marlinton. The time change was made on account of the evangelistic service at the Presbyterian Church.

Major Reynolds is Headquarters Air Force Project Officer for Presidential Flight, assigned to the Pentagon. His primary responsibility as the Air Force representative on the advance team for Presidential travel is to make the support arrangements for Air Force One and all the aircraft associated with the movement of the President worldwide. In the past three years he has visited some fifteen countries and forty-five states in the performance of this duty. Some of the countries visited are Russia, Romania, Poland, Yugoslavia, and, most recently, the People's Republic of China.

Prior to his present assignment, he was assigned as a fighter pilot in various U. S. locations and in Germany, Thailand, Okinawa and Libya. His decorations include the Distinguished Flying Cross, Air Medal with nine Oak Leaf Clusters and Air Force Commendation Medal with Oak Leaf Cluster. Wherever he has been stationed he has always been active in community affairs, and is listed in the 1972 edition of Outstanding Young Men of America.

At this meeting he will relate some of his experiences and impressions during his travel, and everyone is invited to hear him.

Major Reynolds grew up in Pocahontas County, the youngest son of Mrs. Forrest Reynolds, of Slatyfork, and the late Mr. Reynolds. He is a graduate of Marlinton High School and West Virginia University. His wife is the former Margaret Fleming Johnson, of Marlinton, and with their two children, Martha and John, they live at Falls Church, Virginia.

Country Doctor

Norman R. Price, M. D.

An era came to close with the passing of Dr. Norman R. Price last week. He was the last of the country doctors in Pocahontas who went by foot, by horse, and by car, in foul weather and fair, up and down these mountains and valleys, to minister to the needs of the sick. Since 1903 this strong man, who ran a 30-mile footrace, answered calls, not only in Pocahontas but in sections of Webster, Randolph and Nicholas. He wore out seven horses and fifteen automobiles. Having delivered between five and six thousand babies, it was little wonder that during his sickness practically every family recalled that he had brought some of them into the world. He reached his goal of 90 years, with several months over, and died, as he wanted, a gentleman, in command of the situation.

Coming as a boy in 1885 to Marlin's Bottom, where his father had been born, he saw the town of Marlinton come into being and watched it grow. He served as mayor and also served on the County Court. Dr. Norman held almost a century of living history in his phenomenal memory.

Deaths

Dr. N. R. Price

Norman Randolph Price was born in Mount Clinton, Virginia, December 5, 1874, the son of the Rev. William Thomas and Anna Louise Randolph Price, and died Wednesday, May 12, 1965, in the Pocahontas Memorial Hospital after a few weeks' illness.

As a young man he was a partner in The Pocahontas Times. He then studied medicine at the University of Maryland Medical College, and had practiced in Marlinton since 1903. He was a captain in the Army Medical Corps in World War I.

His wife, Jean Kinsey Price, preceded him in death, as did also a sister, Susan A. Price, M. D., and four brothers, Willie Price, James W. Price, M. D., Andrew Price, and Calvin W. Price.

Surviving him are a daughter, Mrs. Carl (Jean) Stockwell, of Paducah, Kentucky, and a son, Norman R. Price, Jr., of Chandler, Arizona; a granddaughter, Jean K. Stockwell, of Alexandria, Louisiana; and a sister, Mrs. Anna V. Hunter, of Sweet Chalybeate Springs, Virginia.

Services were held in the Marlinton Presbyterian Church Friday afternoon by the Rev. W. E. Pierce, with burial in Mountain View Cemetery.

LIFE

By Andrew Price

The life I live, the life I prize
Seems tame to world-worn weary eyes:
Those frantic souls spurred on by lust,
For power and place till all is dust;
They never know the sweet release
Among the purple hills of peace
I know not what the years may hold,
My dreams may fade if I grow old,
But this I know, each golden year,
Makes home, and friend, and life more dear;
Each year the heavens brighter gleam,
Each year enhances field and stream.
I know I gaze with raptured eye,
On scenes that once I idled by;
I envy not the potentate,
The rich, the mighty, high and great.
My books, my friends, my mountains free,
Have been and are enough for me.

Deaths

Mrs. Calvin W. Price

Mrs. Mabel Milligan Price, 80, died Tuesday morning, February 28, 1967, in a nursing home in Staunton, Virginia

She was the widow of Calvin W. Price, long-time editor of The Pocahontas Times, who died June 14, 1957.

Mrs. Price was born in Staunton, Virginia, March 23, 1886, the daughter of John Whitfield and Florence Lockridge Milligan. They soon moved to Buena Vista, Virginia, where she was graduated from the Seminary there.

The family moved back to Pocahontas soon after and she taught school before marrying Mr. Price May 22, 1906.

She was a choir member and choir director in the Marlinton Presbyterian Church for many years and was the last charter member of the Marlinton Woman's Club.

Surviving her are four daughters, Mrs. John B. (Betsy) Green, Richmond, Virginia, Mrs. Isaac (Florence) McNeel, of Charleston, Mrs. J. Douglas (Ann) Hubard, Virginia Beach, Virginia, Mrs. Basil (Jane) Sharp, Marlinton; ten grandchildren, and seven great-grandchildren. In addition to her husband and parents, she was preceded in death by a son, Calvin Thomas, in 1918, a sister, Miss Lillie Milligan, and a brother, Clifford.

Services will be held in the Marlinton Presbyterian Church Friday afternoon at two o'clock by her pastor, the Rev. Fred W. Walker, with burial in Mountain View Cemetery.

The Pocahontas Times, Feb.13,1964.

This is a short article on the Poage family of Augusta County, Virginia. The early settlers in the Greenbrier Valley came from this family and settled in Pocahontas County, then in Virginia. More of the Poage (Poague) family will be described in later pages. George Washington Poague gave the ground both for the Oak Grove Church, in Hillsboro and the cemetery also so said a former Minister 1930's

POAGES

This is part of an article on the Poage family in Virginia. Two brothers, Robert and John "proved their importation at their own charges" at Orange Courthouse in 1740. The Pocahontas Poages are the descendants of Robert Poage, who settled between Staunton and Fort Defiance. His wife was Elizabeth Preston. An account of the Poages is given in Price's Historical Sketches of Pocahontas County," but this article gives some interesting information—From a Staunton Newspaper.

The Poage family was a prominent one in and near Staunton, Virginia, in the years following the arrival of the first members as pioneer settlers, two hundred and more years ago.

One of them, Colonel James Poage, left Staunton, went to Kentucky, and then to Ohio, where he founded a new town he called Staunton. Later the name was changed to Ripley. This caused us to do some personal research at this end of the line.

We visited the old and new cemeteries at Fort Defiance, both associated with Old Stone Presbyterian Church, to see how many readable stones marked the graves of members of the Poage family. We found, too, that occasionally the name was spelled Poague.

As pointed out there are two cemeteries at Fort Defiance: The one near the church and a much older burial ground east of the present manse. Whether an early, frame church once stood near the older cemetery is not known, but normally a cemetery usually was closely located in relation to the church.

In this older cemetery, which is enclosed with a sturdy stone wall and the grass within the enclosure well kept are several stones bearing the name Poage or Poague. Some of these inscriptions include:

Our father, Major William Poage, born March 18, 1781, died September 23, 1855.

Thomas Poage, Captain, Anderson's Company, Virginia, 1740-1803.

John Poage, member of Captain Doyle's Company, Fifth Virginia Regiment Wounded March 23, 1862, in the Battle of Kerns Town, died March 26, 1862.

The most imposing stone, also erected in recent years, says:

Sacred to the memory of Robert Poage, immigrant from Ireland 1739, elder in Augusta Stone Church 1740; justice first commission of the peace Augusta County 1745; died in 1774; his wife, Elizabeth Preston.

In this old cemetery also is the grave of the Rev. John Craig, D. D. The inscription says: "Commencer of the Presbyterian ministerial in this place; 1740 to April 21, 1774; faithfully discharged his duties to the same".

(to be continued)

POAGES

It is believed the Presbyterians in the Old Stone Church area began to gather for worship about 1737, probably meeting in homes of the people, since no reference is found concerning an organized church until 1740 when Dr. Craig assumed the pastorate and the stone edifice was authorized to be constructed.

Old Stone Church was completed in 1747; dedicated in 1749; and the present wings added in 1922. It served as a fort during the Indian wars after General Braddock's defeat.

Information to this effect is contained on a bronze marker erected on an exterior wall of the church about 1925 by the Colonel Thomas Hughart Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution.

In the newer churchyard there are stones mentioning four Poages, as follows:

John H. Poage died June 13, 1870, 80 years, 11 months, and 7 days.

James Poage, (born) November 15, 1826, died at the age of 71 year, 7 months, and 12 days

Nancy S., wife of James Poage, (died) January 8, 1870, aged 57 years, 6 months, and 22 days.

Poage, baby son of W. N. and M. V. Wilson. No dates appear on this stone.

The name Poage is associated with Old Stone Church's communion service which was made in England in or near 1767. It is still in use—at least every quarter when this ritual is observed.

When not in use one Sunday each three months, the silver is maintained in a glass display case in the church's museum. It consists of three flagons, six goblets, and two bread plates. It is believed that originally there were three plates.

The cost of this communion service is not known, but it is reported that when purchased it represented the price of a good sized plantation.

For insurance purposes today the service is given this value; goblets, $100 each; trays, $100 each; flagons $350 each.

These are estimated to be replacement cost.

In her book "Stories of the Shenandoah," Mrs. Gladys Bauserman Clem of this city recounts that a Poage of the gentler sex, believed to have been Margaret Poage, saved that communion service from being shipped back to England.

When it arrived the price was said to have been far more than the congregation had expected, so the feeling was it should be returned. However, Margaret Poage arose and said she would give the money she had been saving for silver spoons for her own table toward purchasing the communion silver. Her gift caused other members of the congregation to make new and special efforts to contribute. The silver was saved.

Later Margaret's husband ordered six silver spoons from England for her; so her long desire was fulfilled. Five of these spoons are said to have come into the possession of Mrs. Augusta Harmon Pattie, of Waynesboro. The sixth went to a Poage from Texas. Since "P" was engraved on the spoons, the family agreed Mrs. Pattie should have them. She is a direct descendant in the Poage line.

About twelve miles northwest of Old Stone Church is a stone dwelling, now occupied by Mrs. Margaret Carroll, a descendant of the Poages. This house is said to be the original Poage residence in the Valley of Virginia.

End of series on the Poage family and its associations in the Valley of Virginia and in Southern Ohio.

The Knapp and Summers Family.

by
Joseph W. Summers
1130 Windsor Ave.,
Morgantown, W.Va.

/

"Caleb Knapp Jr. married Elizabeth Waugh"

The first authentic record I have is that Caleb Knapp was in Greenbrier county, Virginia, now W.Va. as early as 1787. He paid tax in that year, He died in Greenbrier county in 1829, and his wife Elizabeth (last name unknown) was living in 1833.

Caleb Knapp and his wife Elizabeth had the following children.

James, born about 1790, married March 7,1816 in Greenbrier Co. to Lainey Hapstonstall.

Moses born 1791 married Elizabeth Anderson about 1814.

Joshua (Hardestys History says born 1793) married Phebe McDaniel on Sept. 10,1817. Died in Kentucky in 1865.

John born February 27, 1793 (according to death notice) married Jan.27, 1818 to Jane Blair (family tradition says Jane Blair, but records say Jane Burgess) he died Sept. 8, 1880.

Caleb, Jr. born May 21, 1798 died --- married Elizabeth Waugh, born Jan. 2, 1796. "My record shows 1802/Elv". The daughter of Samuel and Ann McGuire Waugh. ? 1796 OK

Abraham, (paid first tax 1822 making birth about 1801)

- - - - - - - - - - - CHILDREN OF CALEB AND ELIZABETH WAUGH KNAPP - - - - -

1. Polly Ann Knapp, born Dec. 14, 1819 died Jan.14,1903

2. Nancy Knapp, born July 22, 1821 died --- married Henry Shrader, lived near Huntersville W.Va. and settled on Waugh homestead.

3. Elizabeth Jane born Jan. 7, 1824, died --- married Peter Shrader, born --- died Sept. 7, 1834.

4. Eleanor Morris born June 24, 1825 died March 1, 1926 married May 4, 1842 to Sampson Buzzard who died in 1883.

5. Margaret Rebecca born April 26, 1830 died in Nov. 1904, married McCoy Malcom.

6. Robert Waugh Knapp, born Dec. 9, 1831 died Jan. 27, 1906. He was a Union soldier in Co. E. 4th. Va. Cav. He married Mary Woodell Sept. 1849, she was born June 25, 1831 died Dec. 16, 1906. She was the daughter of Joseph and Delilah Arbogast Woodell.

7. Andrew James Knapp, born Sept. 7, 1834 died ---, he was a Southern soldier and moved to Missouri.

Caleb Knapp was married (2) One son Thomas F. Knapp, born Jan. 14, 1844, died ---, Lived at Grace, Roane Co, W.Va.

87-1

NOTE: MR. SUMMERS SPELLED Jr as "CALEB NOT CABEL"

Robert Waugh Knapp, born on Knapps Creek Pocahontas Co. Va. now West Virginia, Dec. 9, 1831 the son of Caleb and Elizabeth Waugh Knapp. Robert Waugh Knapp was married in 1849 to Mary Woodell, daughter of Joseph and Delilah Arbogast Woodell. Delilah was the daughter of Benjamin Arbogast and Francis Mullins, Francis came from Westmoreland county Virginia. Benjamin Arbogast was a son of Adam Arbogast and Margaret Hull, Adam was a Revolutionary soldier as was also his father Michal Arbogast. Delilah was born in 1805 died in 1871, she married (1) Joseph Woodell Aug. 28, 1830, married (2) Fredrick Pugh: no children.

Robert Waugh Knapp, and family came from Knapp's Creek Pocohontas Co., W.Va. to Upshur county W.Va. in 1859 lived there four years, while there three children were born, John Marshall, Bricen Clomumbus, and Elmira Francis, he moved from there to Barbour county near Moatsville to a farm owned by Jacob Waugh, and uncle, later he moved to Jacob Millers farm. Then they moved to the John Boils farm where Elmira Francis Knapp was married to James Summers, Oct. 14,1877. From there they moved to the Zeak Harper farm in Tucker county W.Va. where they bought a farm from said Harper for their own with money he received from a pension being in the Civil War. This farm is known to this day as KNAPP'S HOLAR, this farm is about one and one half miles from Moore Tucker County, W.Va. Robert Waugh Knapp and his wife Mary spent their last days on this farm. They are buried in a grave yard a short distance below Moore.

ROBERT WAUGH KANPP AND MARY WOODELL WERE THE PARENTS OF 14 CHILDREN.

1. Delilah Margaret born July 26, 1850, died Feb. 17, 1933. Married to Samuel Roby Kisner June 23, 1873, He was born June 3, 1853 and died at Moore, Tucker Co. W.Va.

2. George Benjamin, born Dec. 2, 1851 died March 14, 1924. Married Alice Rebecca Criss, who was born Aug. 30, 1853 and died in Fairmont, W.Va. August k, 1944.

3. Deceased daughter, born Dec. 28, 1853 died Jan. 18, 1854.

4. Ira Ellis, born Dec. 28, 1854 died April 30, 1873.

5. Frederick Asbury, born Jan. 16,1857 died Nov. 16, [redacted] 1859.

6. John Marshall, born Feb. 25, 1859, died Jan. 24, 1937. Married Ida Blanch Hawkins, Sept. 6, 1884. Ida was born June 21, 1863 and died at Valley Bend, W.Va. Oct. 28, 1935. (11 children)

7. Bricen Clomumlus, born Dec. 10, 1860 died Nov. 7, 1862.

8. Elmira Francis, born Jan. 15, 1863 died Dec. 1, 1947. Married (1) James Summers, Oct. 24, 1877. Summers was born July 2, 1850 and died April 22, 1887. Married (2) Jess Hurshman, March 10, 1912, he was born Oct. 25, 1847 died April 20, 1928.

9. Elizabeth Jane, born June 10, 1865 died July 9, 1871.

10. Ida Emma Corena, born Oct. 13, 1867 died Jan. 19, 1939. Married (1) Abraham Helmick, Aug. 30, 1889. he died March 10, 1912 aged 70 years 24 days. Childred ?. Married (2) Johnathan J. Cosner, born July 27, 1868.

11. Samantha Ellen, Born Dec. 24, 1869 died Aug. 13, 1875.

12. Olive Christena, born Nov. 22, 1871, died April 15, 1904. Married Robert Hudleson, three children, Nolan, George, Miss. Maggie, last heard of at Tainesta, Forest Co. Pa. Was 16 years old the 8th. of March 1910.

13. Marietta Virginia, born June 25, 1874, Died Dec. 6, 1942. Married (1) Samuel Strum, Oct. 18, 1890, two children Claud and Alva, Married (2), Augustas C. Crosten, May 18, 1900, children (?).

14. Lorenzo Dow, born Nov. 11, 1879. Killed in a coal mine June 2, 1927. Married Sarah E. Harper, who was born May 11, 1883.

Elmira Francis Knapp, born in Upshur county W.Va. January 15,1863, died at Morgantown W.Va. Dec. 1, 1947, the last of a family of 14 children. Soon after her birth her parents moved to Barbour county where six other children were born. Elmira Francis was married to James Summers, October 14, 1877 who was born in Preston county W.Va July 2, 1850 and died April 22, 1887. He was the son of Joseph and Julia Tarleton Summers, all are buried at Mt. Zion Church Cemetary near Marquess, Preston county West Virginia.

TO THIS UNION FIVE BOYS WERE BORN

(1). Joseph Willis Summers, born February 21, 1879. The son of James and Elmira Francis Knapp Summers, married Iva Rebecca Burk, on May 18, 1902. she was born April 6, 1886, the daughter of William H. and Cristina Martin Burk, to this union three children were born.

1. Leroma Blanch Summers, born May 5, 1903 at William, near Thomas, Tucker Co. W.Va. She married Alonzo Claud Murphy Oct. 9, 1920, (Rev. English) at Montrose, W.Va. Alonza Claud Murphy was born Oct. 5, 1901 at Montrose. Three children. DIED DEC. 19. 1953.

   a. Marjorie Burk Murphy, born Nov. 7, 1921. Married Sherley L. Ashcraft at Akron, Ohio, May 1, 1942.
   One son, Kenneth David Ashcraft, born June 6, 1943.

   b. Mary Blanch Murphy, born Nov. 21, 1924. Married Eldon Junior Campbell, May 7, 1944 at Clarksburgh, W.Va., he was born Jan. 6, 1924. Vetern of World War 11, U.S.Army, 242 Medical Battalion. To this union was born Roger Elden Campbell on Nov. 29, 1949.

   c. Robert Alen Murphy, born June 9, 1926. Married Alice Ammons, on July 20, 1949. Vetern of World War 11. A daughter, Dorothy Joan Murphy was born April 28, 1951.

2. William Clair Summers, born March 28, 1906 near Montrose, Randolph county, W.Va. married at Catlettsburge, Ky. to Bessie Lockhart of Parkersburgh, W.Va, born Feb. 25, 1911. Three children.

   a. Nancy Marie Summers, born December 18, 1931.
   b. Patricia Joan Summers, born January 19, 1934.
   c. James Clair Summers, born March 8, 1937.

3. Irene Summers, born Dec. 29. 1908, died at Akron, Ohio, January 9, 1929. Was buried in East Oak Grove at Morgantown, W.Va.

(2) Ira Henson Summers, born near Marquess, Preston county, W.Va. July 18, 1880, died at Morgantown, W.Va. Sept. 21, 1926. The son of James and Elmira Francis Knapp Summers, he was married to Susan Bolyard, April 6, 1904. Susan was born Jan. 17, 1882. To this union three children were bon

1. Gail Mildred Summers, born Jan. 25, 1905. Married Thomas Wayne Hoard, Oct. 10, 1925, who was born Feb. 1, 1904, two children,

   a. Marian Gail Hoard, born Oct. 1, 1933, died Oct.11, 1933.

   b. Carrol Wayne Hoard, born March 27, 1935.

2. Hayward Burten Summers, born Oct.31, 1906, died March 7, 1914.

3. Alma Garnette Summers, born Aug. 18, 1917, at Morgantown, W.Va., Married James Stanley Orr, Sept. 3, 1937. He was born Nov. 26, 1916. Two children.

   a. Janet Gail Orr, born Aug. 16, 1941, at East McKeesport. Pa.

   b. James Wayne Orr, born July 3, 1946, at East McKeesport, Pa.

(3) Charles Robert Summers, born Nov. 2, 1881. The third child of James and Elmira Francis (Knapp) Summers. He married June 5, 1905 to Ades Leola Hartsaw, (Rev. Odell King) daughter of Frank and Sallie A. Bolebank Hartsaw. She was born Sept. 26, 1886 in Randolph county, W.Va. Six children.

1. Ruby Francis Summers, born Aug. 20, 1906 at Kerens, Randolph Co., married (1) Ralph Ernest Ketter, Sept. 16, 1930, he was born at Pomeroy, Ohio. Died at Charleston, W.Va. by being shot accidently with a pistol. Married (2) Pvt. Paul Ernest Boggs, of the U.S. Army, Nov. 14, 1944 at Oakland, Md. No children.

2. Wilma Juanita Summers, born Nov. 8, 1910 at Glady, Randolph Co., W.Va. Married Samuel Carl Fitts, Aug. 9, 1936. who was born at Connellville Pa. Oct. 26, 1911. U.S.Navy in WW11. No children.

3. Velma Madeline Summers, born April 30, 1912 at Flady, Randolph, county, died at Morgantown Nov. 18, 1940.

4. Robert Eldon Summers, born April 13, 1917 at Gassaway, W.Va. Married June 16, 1936 at Oakland, Md. to Doris Wilda Grimes. Doris was born Aug. 25, 1917. Two children.

   a. Robert Russell, born April 12, 1937.

   b. Doris Joanne, born April 13, 1939.

5. Wendell Paul Summers, born April 1, 1923 at Morgantown, W.Va. Married at Oakland, Md. Dec. 24, 1942 to Mary Louise Fairfox, born at Clarksburg, W.Va. Jan. 25, 1925, Vet of WW11.

   a. Sherley Kay Summers, born Nov. 14. 1943.

6. Thelma Maxine Summers, born Dec. 15, 1925. Killed in auto accident Oct. 26, 1932. Age 6-8-1.

17-4

4. John Wesley Summers, born March 1, 1884. the son of James and Elmira Francis Knapp Summers, Married ~~XX~~ Jessie Ann Royce, (Rev. John Bolton) she was born Oct. 26. 1880 and died Dec. 23, 1940., the daughter of Henry C. and Sarah Bolyard, Royce. To this union nine children, seven girls and three boys were born.

1. Gertrude Ester Summers, born Jan. 3, 1903, died age 9 months.

2. Lennie Elizabeth Summers, born Oct. 22, 1904. Married at Oakland, Md. Oct. 1, 1922 to Roy Groves, who was born Sept, 15.1902. To this union was born five boys and one girl.

   a. Willis Vergil Groves, born May 1, 1923. Married Erma Musiel Caton, born Jan. 9. 1925 at Uniontown, Pa. Children.
      1. Howard Eldon Groves, born June 17, 1946.
      2. Robert Lee Groves, born Aug. 24, 1948.
      3. A son - - - , born May 31, 1951.

   b. John Walter Groves, born Jan. 21, 1925.

   c. Delmar Wayne Groves, born July 26, 1927. Vet of WW 11, Navy. Married Miss. Jo Ann Bennett, Aug. 1, 1945. One daughter. Peggy Sue Groves, born April 3, 1947.

   d. Edna Francis Groves, born March 10, 1931.

   e. Floyd Roy Groves, born Sept. 26, 1933.

   f. Gerald Eugene Groves, born Sept. 17, 1935.

3. Luria Audria Summers, born Dec. 17, 1906. Married at Morgantown, W.Va. Nov. 9, 1925 to Denver White, who was born Nov 22, 1904. Six girls born to this union.

   a. Evalyn Virginia White, born Feb. 13, 1926. Married Donald Wade Dodge June 17, 1945, a daughter, Beverly Ann, born Aug.18,1946.

   b. Beatrice Wanetta White, born Jan. 24, 1928. Married Robert Elsworth Goff. Oct. 19, 1946. Vet of WW 11. born 4-12-21.
      1. John Robert Goff, born Sept. 14. 1948.
      2. Cherry Kay Goff, born Dec. 21, 1950.

   c. Betty Elaine White, born Aug. 29, 1929. Married William R. Deusenberry, Dec. 4, 1948. a son Edward Richard, born 11-28-49.

   d. Alma Deloris White, born April 6, 1931.

   e. Nellie Agnes White, born Aug. 29, 1933.

   f. Mary Louise White, born July 17, 1939.

4. Agnes Vearl Summers, born Dec. 28, 1908, died age two years.

5. Ada Virginia Summers, born July 22, 1911. Married at Morgantown, W.Va. Dec. 22, 1934 to Francis Leroy McCormick, born Aug. 10, 1913. One child, Wandalee McCormick, born July 5, 1935

6. Oscar Odell Summers, born Dec. 2, 1913. Married (1) Nina Leona Lewis, March 24, 1934. Married (2) Mildred Lucil Goodwin, July 16, 1945. she was born April 7, 1927.

11-5

7. Nellie Ruth Summers, born Sept. 17, 1916. Married Orval Brant Bonnell, May 30, 1942. A son Orval Junior born March 22, 1950.

8. Walter Herold Summers, born Dec. 20, 1919, married at Oakland, Md. on April 7, 1940 to Dorathy Virginia Blosser, of Masontoen, Preston county, W.Va. (Rev. Sprague). She was born Oct. 17, 1920. Vet. of WW 11. Three sons.

   a. Horald Edward Summers, born Sept. 26, 1941. Herold.
   b. Raymond Odell Summers, born Feb. 14, 1944.
   c. Charles Lee Summers, born April 3, 1947.

9. Howard Melvin Summers, born Dec. 2, 1926., WW 11. Pacific. Married Hazel Veryl Goodwin ---, who was born Oct. 4, 1930. One girl and one boy.

   a. David Odell Summers, born July 4, 1949.
   b. Juda Ann Summers, born Oct. 31, 1951.

5) To James and Elmira Francis Knapp Summers, a boy, born and died December 28, 1886.

THE FOLLOWING WAS TAKEN FROM THE POCAHONTAS TIMES OF MARCH 11, 1926.

Mrs Elenor Knapp Bussard was born at Richlands, Greenbrier county June 24, 1825, and died March 1, 1926, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Jerusha Shinaberry, at Sunset, Pocahontas county, aged 100 years, eight months and four days.

Mrs. Bussard was a daughter of Caleb Knapp and Elizabeth Morrison(Waugh) Knapp. She moved with her parents to Pocahontas county in 1830, and has lived here ever since. Her childhood days were spent on a little farm on Greenbrier river three miles below Clover Lick. On May 4, 1842, she was united in marriage to Sampson S. Bussard. To this union was born eleven children, five sons and six daughters. Seven of her children are living, Cronin Bussard of Frost; Letcher Bussard, of Raywood; Cornelius Bussard, of Dunmore; Embry Bussard, of Knoxville, Iowa.; Robert Bussard, of Mountain Grove, Va.; Mrs. Jerusha Shinaberry, of Sunset; Mrs. Mildred Shinaberry and Elenor I. Bussard, of Clover Lick. Her husband died in 1883. Her deceased children are Mrs. D.N. Bussard, Mrs. Zane B. Grimes and Mrs. C. P. Collins. She was laid to rest beside her husband in the Bussard cemetery near Dunmore. This cemetery is on the farm where Mrs. Bussard lived happily with her husband and reared her large family. Her Great-grand-daughter, Mrs. Harry Moore, lives there now. In speaking of this farm she always called it home.

In early life she united with the Methodist church and remained faithful to the end. She ofter spoke of being ready to join her loved ones who had gone before.

Her childred were all present at the burial except Mrs. Mildred Shinaberry, who was not able to attend on account of failing health, she being eighth-three years of age, and Embry Bussard, of Knoxville, Iowa. A large number of grandchildred and great-grandchildren were present. One half-brother. T. F. Knapp (Born Jan. 14, 1844) of Roane county, subvives her.

Mrs. Bussard enjoyed visiting her childred and grand-children. She was always lively, and looked on the bright side of everything. She will be sadly missed by all. The funeral services will be conducted later, and it is hoped all her childred will be present.

Dear grandmother, how I miss you,
And your absence breaks my heart.
But I hope some day to meet you,
When we never more shall part.

L.L.

NOTE:Some of the family spell it Bussard-- others Buzzard,

In spite of the rain a large crowd gathered at the picnic at Cronin Buzzard's sugar grove last Wednesday to celebrate the 100th anniversary of the birth of Mrs. Eleanor Knapp Buzzard. Grandma Buzzard was feeling fit and fine and seemed to enjoy the day very much. Sitting in an automobile, she received her friends and descendants. When the rain came adjournment was taken to a nereby church. Rev. W. T. Hogestt of Marlinton, a mere boy of 78 years, was in charge of the services, and made an appropriat address. Rev. Pugh and Rev. Pegram also spoke. A touching scene was when the children, grandchildren, great-grand-children and great-great-grand-children pledged the aged woman by a hand-grasp that they would live a christian life by the help of the Lord.

Mrs. Buzzard was born on Greenbrier River, below the mouth of Clover Creek, June 24, 1825. Her father was Caleb Knapp and her mother was Elizabeth Waugh Knapp daughter of Samuel and Ann McGuire Waugh. She married Sampson Buzzard who has been dead some twenty-five years. They were the parents of eleven children. The grand-children now number 82, great-grand-children 246; great-great-grand-children 77. This makes a total of 407, and the end is not yet. It is of interest to note that there are thirteen sets of twins among her descendants. A half-brother, T. F. Knapp, of Jackson county, an ex-Confederate, soldier came to his sister's century birthday.

NOTE: While the above does not agree with other versions obtainable wil
put same down just at it appeared in the Pocahontas Times./glv

MY GRANDFATHER AND GRANDMOTHER HILL. by. Clyde Waugh

THE FAMILY OF GEORGE HILL

George Hill	born April 21, 1832,	died Jan. 24, 1920
1st. wife Nancy	Jordon.	
	born Sept. 1830,	died Dec. 31, 1891
2nd. wife Julia	Beard.	
	born June 16, 1850	died Feb. 10 1907

George Hill and his first wife, Nancy, were the parents of nine children as listed below. There were no children by his second marriage.

Mary Josephine Hill,	born Aug. 4, 1855	died Oct. 20, 1932
	married John Ezra Waugh	- 10 children.
Edbert Walter Hill,	born Mar. 26, 1857	died June 28, 1934
	Married Jennie C. Beard	4 children.
John Thomas Hill,	born Nov. 19, 1859	died May 12, 1932
	married Mollie Porter	6 children.
Alice Thomas Hill,	born Mar. 5, 1863	died Oct. 24, 1933
	married Wesley Kinnison	4 children.
Martha Ann Hill,	born Apr. 30, 1866	died Feb. 2, 1942
	married Emory McMillion	1 child.
William Christopher Hill,	born July 6, 1868	died Oct. 22, 1934
	married Alice ---	-- --
Samuel Lloyd Hill,	born Mar. 17, 1870	died Mar. 19, 1936
	1 married Salina Rutledge	no children
	2 married Rose Lee Brakebill	4 children.
Emma Francis Hill,	born Mar. 31, 1872	died --
	not married	
Charles Bernard Hill,	born Oct. 5, 1874	died Jan. 25, 1904
	married Mattie Lepps McClung	no children.

MY GREAT-GREAT-GRANDFATHER AND GRANDMOTHER HILL

BY CLYDE WAUGH of S.B Wallace &

Richard Hill	born July 13, 1763	died June 4, 1849
Nancy Hill	born June 21, 1769	died Dec. 10, 1861

their children

Thomas Hill	born Aug. 17, 1788	died Feb. 15, 1865
Elizabeth Hill	born Sept. 7, 1790	--
John Hill	born July 29, 1792	died Dec. 25, 1869.
Martha Hill	born Aug. 25, 1795	--
Peggy Hill	born Aug. 10, 1797	--
Abraham Hill	born Dec. 3, 1799	died Jan. 6, 1871.
Isaac Hill	born July 23, 1802	--
William Hill	born Dec. 27, 1804	--
Joel Hill	born Feb. 23, 1807	died Feb. 18, 1884.
George Hill	born June 3, 1811	--

MY GREAT-GRANDFATHER AND GRANDMOTHER HILL

Thomas Hill	born Aug. 17, 1788	died Feb. 15, 1865
	was married on Nov. 7, 1809 to	
Ann Cackley	born Oct. 24, 1790	died Dec. 1, 1888

their children

Martha McNeal Hill	born Oct. 1, 1810	died Feb. 5, 1902
William Cackley Hill	born June 15, 1812	--
Mary Fry Hill	born Aug. 18, 1815	--
Nancy Hill	born Sept. 25, 1818	--
Thomas Hill	born Apr. 20, 1822	died June 13, 1822.
Evelyn Hill	born Aug. 15, 1823	died Apr. 17, 1900.
Levina Hill	born July 12, 1826	died Dec. 1, 1885
Richard Valentine Hill	born Nov. 15, 1829	--
George Hill	born Apr. 21, 1832	died Jan. 24, 1920.

OBITUARY

WAUGH.- Died in San Francisco, August 6th, at the residence of her son, Mr. Wm. Waugh, Mrs. Clarissa Jane Waugh.

18--?

The disease causing her death was dropsy of the chest. She was born near Mansfield, Ohio, February 20, 1826. For a time she was a schoolmate with General Sherman. When very young she was blessed with a sense of God's saving love, and she joined the M.E. Church. In her youth, with her father, John Edsall, she moved to Missouri. In 1841 she was married to Rev. Lorenzo Waugh, a traveling elder of the M.E. Church. With him she shared the toils and privations of the early itinerate life till the spring of 1852, when, the health of both having failed, they crossed the plains and came to California. They settled in the country, four miles from what is now the city of Petaluma. Nearly all of that delightful and fertil country was then uninhabited. As there was no church yet built, their new home was opened as the first place, in all that region, for preaching and for social religious meetings. Here the early preachers always found a welcome home. Ever their house was a model of neatness and quiet, as well as of a generous and unostentations hospitality. Though never demonstrative, Sister Waugh was ever ready and prepared for every needed work. Especially in cases of affliction, her alacrity and skill were apparent. Her character is well expressed in the words of the wise man, "She openeth her mouth with wisdom, and in her tongue is the law of kindness." Though her sickness was for many weeks, and was very painful, her patience and resignation were truly notable. The writer frequently visited her sick-room, and could not fail to observe that there the favor of God was amply bestowed. She leaves a large circle of friends. Her husband, Father Waugh, in his sad bereavement needs - and, indeed, he enjoys - the strong consolations, which, so often, he has imparted to others. She was truly triumphant in her death. She embraced the children, and gave them a message of dying love. Remembering the two absent sons, she said: "Pa, tell John and Henry Clay to meet me in heaven. I am going there, and I am perfectly happy." Her face was radiant, like that of an angel. On this coast the Christian veterns are fast passing away. It is pleasant to know that what Mr. Wesley said of the Methodists of his time is true of these - "They die well."

~~#2-5~~

OBITUARY CONTINUED.

Mrs. Waugh was the mother of four sons and one daughter, all of whom survive but the youngest son, Franklin. He died, aged ten years, A very interesting account is given of him in Father Waugh's autobiography. - J.J. Cleveland.

OBITUARY OF FRANKLIN C. WAUGH.

FRANKLIN CARPENTER WAUGH, youngest son of Rev. L. Waugh, was born near Petaluma, California, January 30, 1865. When but four years old he became thoroughly opposed to the vices of drinking, chewing, smoking, and swearing: and was a faithful member of the "California Younth's Association," and left his diploma therin unsullied. Many of the temperance friends will remember "Little Frank" as he stood up with his shrill, happy, childlike voice in advocacy of his principles, while traveling with his father. Obedient to the command, "Honor thy father and thy mother," he needed no rod of correct and seemed pleased with everything in the direction of reverence and devotion to God. We commend and honor men of marked ability, although too often they are slaves to vice most certainly greater honor should be given to a noblehearted boy, who stands firm in every virtuous principle, and sets his face firmly against vicious and filthy habits. His whole bearing was serious and gentlemanly, and he was careful of the feelings of all with whom he mingled. He died as he lived, peacefully and bravely, and is now, doubtless, with Him who said, "Suffer little children, and forbid them not, to come unto me, for of such is the kingdom of heaven."

Deaths

Miss Elizabeth S. Waugh

Miss Elizabeth S. Waugh, aged 77 years, passed away on Saturday afternoon, June 5, 1948, at the Pocahontas Memorial Hospital. She had been in failing health for the past several months. On Monday afternoon her body was laid to rest in the family plot in Mountain View Cemetery. The funeral service was conducted from the Marlinton Methodist Church by her pastor, the Rev. Earle N. Carlson.

Miss Lizzie was a daughter of the late Levi and Amanda Poage Waugh. She is survived by two brothers, George H., of Marlinton, and Grover, of Akron, Ohio; three sisters, Mrs. C. E. Dennison, of Marlinton; Mrs. Lulu Williams, of Huntington, and Mrs. William Clower, of Rainelle. A brother, Harlow, preceded her in January of this year, and two sisters, Mrs. Annie Baxter and Mrs. Sally Dennison, some years ago.

In religion Miss Lizzie was a Methodist, and for more than thirty years she was in charge of the Primary Department of the Sunday School of the Marlinton Methodist Church. There she touched for good hundreds of young people in the formative period of their lives.

For forty-four years Miss Lizzie Waugh was an efficient member of the staff in the printing office of The Pocahontas Times; retiring only a few weeks before her death.

Left motherless at an early age and the eldest of a large family, Miss Lizzie did well her part in assisting to hold together and bring up the children.

True and loyal, faithful and persistent were the characteristics of this truly good woman.

The active pall bearers, all former Sunday School pupils were: Charles Richardson, Harry Lynn Sheets, Walter Mason, Edward Rexrode, Arden G. Killingsworth and Paul R. Overbolt.

Honorary pall bearers were: A. H. McFerrin, J. A. Sydenstricker, S. J. Rexrode, L. O. Simmons, Fred Gebauf and Calvin W. Price.

The flower bearers were: Mrs. Mabel Hudson, Mrs. Lura Brill, Mrs. Mabel Hogsett, Miss Mabel Lang, Mrs. Libby Rexrode, Mrs. Erma Johnson, Miss Anna Lee Ervine, Mrs. Anna Thomas, Miss Evelyn Withers, Mrs. Orda Smith and Mrs. Annas Cole Row.

Among the relatives and the friends called here by the illness and death of Miss Elizabeth S. Waugh were Mrs. Lulu Williams, Huntington; Mrs. William Clower, Mrs. H. L. Gray and daughter; Mrs. Prince Crotty and Mrs. Elma Price, of Rainelle; Mr. and Mrs. George Vaughan, of Akron, Ohio; Mr. and Mrs. Glen Vaughan of Annapolis, Maryland; Mrs. John Williams and sons, of White Sulphur Springs; Mrs. Helen May, of Elkins, and Cecil Crickard, of Mill Creek.

Deaths

Mrs. Lula A. Williams

Mrs. Lula Waugh Williams, aged 78 years, died on Saturday afternoon, June 2, 1956, at a hospital in Huntington. She had been in failing health for many months. On Monday afternoon the funeral service was held in Huntington, with graveside rites at Mountain View Cemetery in Marlinton, on Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. Williams was born at Edray on April 8, 1878, a daughter of the late Levi and Amanda Poage Waugh. Of her father's family there remain her two sisters, Mrs. C. E. Dennison, of Marlinton, and Mrs. W. P. Clower, of Rainelle; her brother, George H. Waugh, of Edray.

She became the wife of A. Dennis Williams. She is survived by her daughter, Mrs. Veta Lee Smith, of Huntington, and four grand children.

Mrs. Williams was a life long Christian, a member of the Methodist Church.

Mrs. W. P. Clower

Mrs. Mattie V. Clower, 74, of East Rainelle, died Saturday, April, 9, 1960, in a Hinton hospital after a long illness.

Born at Edray, Pocahontas County, she was a daughter of the late Levi and Ella Ruckman Waugh. She was a member of the Methodist Church, Rebekah Lodge, Degree of Honor, and Pythian Sisters Lodge, Rainelle.

Surviving are her husband, W. P. Clower; two sons, William Clower and Charles E. Clower, both of East Rainelle; three daughters, Mrs. H. L. Gray, of Rainelle; Mrs. P. A. Crotty, of East Rainelle; and Mrs. P. H. Price, Jr., of Bedford, Pennsylvania; one sister, Mrs. C. E. Denison, of Marlinton; twelve grandchildren, and three great-grandchildren.

Funeral services were held Monday afternoon in the Nickell Funeral Home Chapel in East Rainelle by the Rev. Ross Evans, and Dr. O. C. Mitchell officiating. Burial was made in the Wallace Memorial Cemetery near Clintonville.

WAUGH-SEABOLD

Miss. Margaret Mina Seabold, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. Robert Seabold, 1137 Nuttman Avenue, became the bride of Mr. Meade Lanier Waugh, son of Mr. and Mrs. Harlow Waugh, of Marlinton, West Virginia, this afternoon (December 27,1934) at 4 o'clock in St. Johns Lutheran Church. The bride's uncle the Rev. M. P. F. Doerman, of River Forest, Illinois, performed the nuptial service assisted by the Rev. Ernest Boeger, pastor of St. John's Lutheran Church.

A short musical preceding the service was played by Prof. Fred Welchert, organist, and Mrs. John Asplund, soloist, of Chicago, cousin of the bride. The alter was decorated with poinsettias and lighted by tall white tapers.

The bride who was given in marriage by her father, wore a gown of white crepe. Her matching turban was trimmed with a veil and she wore a corsage of gardenias. Miss. Alice Rowan Waugh, sister of the groom, served as maid-of-honor. Her frock was of royal blue velvet. The Messrs Frederick and Robert Stephen, cousins of the bride, served as ushers.

A wedding dinner was served at Fairfield Manor at a long table where covers were laid for fifty. White chrysanthemums and freesia and tall white tapers adorned the babel. Later a reception was helf for friends of the couple at the home of the bride's parents.

The bride is a graduate of Valpariso University and took post graduate work at Indiana University. She is employed as head of the commercial department of the high school in Marlinton. Mr. Waugh is employed by the Department of Agriculture in the Forest Service at White Sulphur Springs, West Virginia. After a short honeymoon trip the couple will be at home at 57 North Camden Avenue, Marlinton, West Virginia.

Out of town guests at the wedding were: The Rev. Mr. Doerman and his daughter, Miss Erna Doerman, of Forest River, Ill; Mrs. Asplund, and Mrs. J.J. Meyers and daughter, Vivian, of Chicago; Miss. Jean Wickemeyer, of Laporte, and Mr. and Mrs. Harold Seabold, of Pataskola, Ohio.

Note. Reprinted in the Pocahontas Times from the News-Sentinel, Fort Wayne, Indiana./glv

SILVER WEDDING

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Williams celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of their marriage Sunday, January 23, 1927, at the Marlin-Sewell Hotel, Marlinton, W.Va. The feature of the day was a surprise party composed of their brothers and sisters and their families residing in Marlinton. Mrs. Williams was the recipient of sixty five silver dollars and other silver mementoes.

At 1:30 o'clock the party was invited to the dining room where a bountiful, well prepared dinner was nicely served and much enjoyed by the twenty-five persons seated at the table. Those present were.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Williams; Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Williams; Mr. and Mrs. Harlow Waugh; Mr. and Mrs. C. Ernest Denison; Mr. and Mrs. Arthur C. Pifer; Mr. S. L. Brown; Misses Lizzie Waugh, Alice Waugh, Frances Poage Waugh, Thelma Williams, Grace Virginia Williams, Hazel Pifer, Vada Pifer, Mary Frances Pifer, Bettie Pifer, and Norvil Pifer, Moffet Williams, Meade Waugh, Paul Pifer, Eugene Pifer.

The surprise was complete and every one present enjoied the day.

One of the interesting features of the occasion was that Mr. Brown had issued marriage licenses to all the married couples at the table, and Miss. Lizzie Waugh has been Sunday School teacher to all but two of the young people seated at the tables.

Mr. Williams called attention to the fact that twenty-five years ago there was not an automobile in Pocahontas county; the wedding conveyance was a buggy pulled by a white horse. The snow was about eight inches deep in Marlinton, and the lanes from Edray to Marlinton were drifted full of snow.

The twenty-five years just passed has been about one sixth of the life of the United States and Approximately one seventy-seventh of the Christian era. It has been the most eventful twenty-five years in history because more has been done to lift the burden of transportation from flesh and blood to physical forces; and through the telephone, radio, radio-photography, airoplane and the discovery of various electrical rays more has been accomplished toward an universal bretherhood of man, the alleviation of suffering and the comfortable living that in any other quarter of a century, and to those of us who remember, it seems only a few days.

NOTE.The above clipping is from the Pocahontas Times of late January 1927

WAUGH FAMILY REUNION
8 JULY 1951

The 1951 Reunion of the Waugh families was held on Sunday, July 8th, at the Droop Mountain State Park. Following a basket dinner, E. Clyde Bussard was the guest speaker. Other speakers were Rev. R. H. Skaggs and Rev. Don Taylor, both of Marlinton.

A gift was presented to the oldest and youngest members of Waugh families in attendance. Mrs. C. E. Denison, of Marlinton, daughter of the late Levi Waugh of Edray, received the gift for oldest member, and the gift for the youngest member went to little Lee Winters Goodall, of Ronceverte, aged 2 months, the grandson of the late Doc Waugh.

Next year the reunion will again be held in the Droop Mountain State Park, on the second Sunday in July. The committee on arrangements are: Clyde C. Waugh, of Marlinton, and Alice R. Waugh and Waldo Waugh.

Those in attendance from a distance were:

Mr and Mrs. H. A. Waugh and family	of	Huntington.
Mrs. Doc Waugh and family.		Ronceverte.
Mr. and Mrs. E. B. McCormick.		"
Mr. and Mrs.E. K. Andrews.		"
Miss Katie Stull.		"
Mrs. Lucy Stull.		"
Mr. and Mrs. Charles Graves all	of	Ronceverte.
Mr. and Mrs. Aquilla Waugh	of	Rainelle.
Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Sevy	of	"
Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Dichl	of	"
Mr. and Mrs. Fred Ballard and son	of	Morgantown.
Mr. and Mrs. Sam Waugh and family	of	Elkins
Mr. and Mrs. Ivan Gainer	of	"
Mr. and Mrs. David D. Brown	of	"
Mr. John W. Waugh	of	Montgomery
Miss. Bertha Waugh	of	Salem
Mrs. Cora Cayott	of	Stewart. Minn.
Mr. Millard F. Waugh	of	Oak Hill
Mr. and Mrs. John Waugh	of	Oak Hill
Mrs. Lou Waugh	of	Baltimore, Md.
Mr. and Mrs. Nathan D. Waugh	of	Moatsville
Mr. And Mrs. John Nestor and family	of	"
Mr. and Mrs. Dale Miller and family	of	"
Miss Natalie Waugh	of	"
Mr. and Mrs. Nathan D. Waugh, Jr.	of	Grafton
Mr. and Mrs. James Waugh	of	Durbin
Mr. and Mrs. Joe E. Waugh	of	Cass
Mr Lloyd Waugh	of	Dunmore.

Note; The above as taken from The Pocahontas Times of 18 July 1951.
/glv

WAUGH FAMILY REUNION
8 JULY 1951

Others in attendance, their family, and residence.

Mildred F. Waugh, 67,	/G.W. Waugh,/	Oak Hill, W.Va.
Mr. & Mrs. John Waugh, Patrica, 12 and	Gene Waugh, 9	
Mr. & Mrs. Joe E. Waugh, Joan Cassell	/W.T.Waugh./ /Guest/	Oak Hill, W.Va. Cass, W.Va.
Mr. & Mrs. James Waugh	/G.B.Waugh./	"
Mr. Lloyd Waugh.	"	Burbin, W.Va.
Mr. & Mrs. J. R. Waugh,	/A.E.Waugh./	Dunmore, W.Va.
Mr. Dale Miller	/N.D.Waugh./	Baltimore, Md.
Mrs. Mabel Miller	/ " /	Moatsville, W.Va.
Sharron and Larry. Miller.		" "
Mr. & Mrs. N.D.Waugh.	/N.D.Waugh./	" "
Charlotte Sue 3 yrs.		Grafton, W.Va.
Mr. Nathan D. Waugh,	/Embree A. Waugh./	
Mr. & Mrs. Doc Waugh.	/John Waugh./	Moatsville W.Va.
Sue Waugh,		Ronceverte, W.Va.
Mr & Mrs Kenneth Goodall,		" "
Lee Winter Goodall 2.months.		" "
F. W. Clutter Guest.		" "
Ada Clutter.		Beard, W.Va.
Dara Clutter		"
Hester Clutter		"
Thomas Clutter		"
Myrtle Clutter		"
Fleta Clutter		"
Olive? Clutter		"
Nancy Clutter.		"
Mrs. Woodsie Waugh Bleau,	/Orestus Waugh./	Beard W.Va.
Mr. & Mrs. Geo. B. Waugh	/John Ezra Waugh./	Marlinton,W.Va.
Mr. Orestus Wa ugh.	/Beverly Waugh./	"
Mrs. Arizona Waugh Scott. 68.	"	"
Mr. & Mrs. Jake Combs,	/Hannah Waugh & Jacob Waugh/	Hillsboro,W.Va.
Jim & Benny Waugh,	/Sam Lloyd Waugh./	Elkins, W.Va.
Mrs. Norma Reed.	/W. Talbert Waugh./	Marlinton,W.Va.
Mr. & Mrs. W.T.Waugh,	/J.B.Waugh./	"
Mr. & Mrs. Glen Shrader	/G.B.Waugh./	"
Sharon.		"
Miss. Alice Rowan Wa ugh,	/Harlow Waugh./	"
Mrs. Harlow Waugh,		"
Mr. & Mrs. Waldo Waugh,	/E.A.Waugh./	"
Mr. Geo. H. Waugh,	/Levi Waugh./	Edray,W.Va.
Mr. & Mrs. Glenn Waugh,	/Geo. Waugh./	Marlinton.W.Va.
Harriet Naye Waugh.		
Mr. &. Mrs. Clyde Moore	/John Waugh./	"
Mr. & Mrs. Alva A. Johnson	/Geo. B. Waugh./	"
Jean Carol Johnson.		
Mr. John H. Waugh,	/Judge Roy Waugh./	Kingsport. Tenn.
Mr. & Mrs. E.B.McCormack.	/Geo.B. Waugh./	Roncervert,W.Va.
Mr. & Mrs. E. R. Andrews,	/Mrs. Lillian Waugh Stull./	Roncervert.W.Va.
Mrs. Lucy Graves,	/John Ezra Waugh./	Roncervert,W.Va.
Chas. W. Graves.		
Mr. & Mrs. Aquilla Waugh,	/John Ezra Waugh./	Rainelle,W.Va.
Mr. & Mrs. Ralph Sevy,	Daughter of Aquilla.	East Rainelle,W.Va.
Mr. Eugene Diehl,	Grandson of Aquilla W./	"
Mr. & Mrs. Fred Ballard	/Charles Waughs Daughter./	Morgantown.W.Va.
Mr. Sam Waugh	/John Waugh./	
Rella Waugh.		

WAUGH FAMILY REUNION
8 JULY 1951

Mr. & Mrs. Ivan Waugh	/Sam Waugh./	Elkins, W.Va.
Ruth Waugh Brown,	/B.D.Waugh./	Elkins, W.Va.
David Dare Brown, soninlaw	S.L.Waugh./	Elkins. W.Va.
John W. Waugh.	/J.E.Waugh./	Montgomery, W.Va.
Bertha Waugh,	/Embree A. Waugh./	Salem.W.Va.
Mr. & Mrs. Ronald Waugh, 2 sons. Ronnie and Roger.	/Son and daughter in law of N.A. Waugh. 2471 1st. St.	
Miss. Leosia?. Waugh.	/H.A.Waugh./ 2461 First St.	Huntington. W.Va.
Mr. & Mrs. Jack Waugh, and son.	/Hubert Waugh./	Huntington, W.Va.
Mrs, Ethel Waugh.	wife of Robert Waugh who is the son of William and Lustrsha Waugh. 2461 1st. St.	Huntington, W.Va.

The following were guests of the Waughs.

Mrs. Cora Cayott, Stewart, Minn.

Mre. J. W McCarty, Buckeye, W.Va.

Rev. & Mrs. Don Taylor & Ruthie, Marlinton,W.Va.

Mr. M. B. McNeili, Buckeye, W.Va.

Mr. A. O. Pyles, Seebert, W.Va.

Mr. & Mrs. Edwin Bruffey, Hillsboro, W.Va.

Mr. & Mrs. Clyde Bussard, Margaret Ella and Mary Rachel, Marlinton.W.Va.

Mr. Fred Wade, Seebert, W.Va.

Rev. R. H. Skaggs, Marlinton, W.Va.

Mr. & Mrs. E. O. Shanahan, Marlinton,W.Va.

NOTE: Correct the preceeding page. at bottom two lines after Graves.

Mr. & Mrs. Aquilla Waugh,	/John Ezra Waugh./	Rainelle, W.Va.
Mr. & Mrs. Ralph Sevy,	daughter of Aquilla.	East Rainelle,W.Va.
Mr. Eugene Diehl,	Grandson of Aquilla./	"

Sorry. Overprinted. OK. on Original.

THE WAUGH FAMILY REUNION
1952

The 1952 reunion of the Waugh families was held on Sunday, July 13 at the Droop Mountain State Park. Following a basket dinner, Dr. Calvin Price was guest speaker. Other speakers were Rev. R. H. Skaggs and Rev. Don Taylor. Rev. Skaggs conducted the opening exercises and Rev. Taylor the memorial service.

Clinton Ballard, of Morgantown, entertained with solos. Gifts were presented to the oldest, the youngest, the one traveling the greatest, distance and to the one having the largest family.

Henry H. Waugh, son of Marcus Waugh, received the gift for the oldest member, and the gift for the youngest went to Betty Jo Reed, a great-granddaughter of Henry Waugh. Maj. Meade Waugh of Fort Wayne, Ind., received the gift for the one traveling the greatest distance, and A.E. Waugh, of Rainelle, for having the largest family on the ground.

Next year the Waugh reunion will again be held in the Droop Mountain State Park the second Sunday in July. The committee on arrangements consists of Clyde C. Waugh, Waldo B. Waugh, and Alice R. Waugh, all of Marlinton.

Those in attendande from a distance were:

Miss. Bertha Waugh	Salem, W.Va.
Mr. & Mrs.S.L.Waugh & sons,	Elkins, W.Va.
Mr. & Mrs.David Brown	"
Mr. & Mrs. Ivan Gainer	"
Mrs. Gainer,	"
Miss. Betty Kump,	"
Mr. Yancy Waugh & son Yancy,	Clarksburgh, W.Va.
Maj. & Mrs. Meade Waugh, and Caroline and Robert, of	Fort Wayne, Ind.
Mrs. A.E. Waugh, & son Paul,	Rainelle, W.Va.
Mr. & Mrs. Earl Waugh & children Pauline, Wanda, Donna, Charles and Earl, Jr. all of	Rainelle, W.Va.
Mr. & Mrs, Ralph Waugh & sons, Gene and R.C.	"
Lee Waugh,	Ronceverte.W.Va.
Mr. & Mrs. Wallace Waugh, & daughter Linda Lou,	Baltimore, Md.
Mrs. Clarence Waugh and daughter Sharyn, of	Charlottesville, Va.
Mrs. Gene Wimer and daughter Pamela, of	Mt. Rainier, Md.
Mr. & Mrs Edward Waugh	Charlottesville, Va.
Mr. & Mrs. E.L.Waugh	Rainelle, W.Va.
Mrs. S.L. Hall, and daughter Linda, of	~~Baltimore, Md.~~ Fairmont, W.Va.
Mr. & Mrs. E.R. Andrews, of	Ronceverte.W.Va.
Mr. & Mrs. Fred Ballard, son Clinton, of	Morgantown, W.Va.
Miss. Buna Ballard,	"
Mrs. Lou Waugh,	Baltimore, Md.
Mrs. Ada Burdette,	Renick, W.Va.
Mr. & Mrs. Forest C. Burdette, and sons James & Samuel, of	Huntington, W.Va.
Mr. & Mrs. Harold Burdette & daughter Sue, of	Cismont, Va.
Mr. & Mrs. W.P. Clower	Rainelle, W.Va.
Mrs. Roseta Diehl and childern, Doris, Nancy, R.C., Eugene,	"

Mr. & Mrs. C.W. Keim, of Rainelle, W.Va.
Mr. John McCoy, Frame, W.Va.
Mrs. Eldridge McCormick, Ronceverte, W.Va.
Mr. & Mrs. Ralph Sevy & son Gerald, Rainelle, W.Va.

Those from Pocahontas county.

From Marlinton, W.Va.
Mrs. Woodsey Blue. Mrs. Cora Cunningham, Mrs. Dorsey Little, Mr. &. Mrs. Grace Waugh Moore & Clyde. Betty Jo Reed, Shirley, Charlotte, Barbara, Lloyd, Norma, and Nettie Reed. Sharon, Almira and R.Glenn Shrader. Zona Scott. W.B. Waugh. Orestus Waugh, James, Rose Ellen and Ernestine Waugh. Harriet Fay Waugh. Mrs. W.B. Waugh. H.H. Waugh. Mary E. Waugh. George B. Waugh. WM. Talbert Waugh. Glenn Waugh. Henrietta Waugh. Clyde C. Waugh. Mary Price Waugh, and Alice R. Waugh.

Mrs. Blanche Bruffy Hillsboro, W.Va.
Miss. Nettie Reed, Cass, W.Va.
Tolbert Waugh, grandson of Buck Waugh. Cloverlick, W.Va.
Palema Sue Wimer, 4301 Russel, Ave., Mt. Rainer. Md. (Washn. D.C.)
F.R.Wade. Seebert, W.Va.
Joe E. Waugh, Cass, W.Va.
Bertha Waugh, Salem, W.Va.

1953

The 1953 reunion of the Waugh families was held on Sunday July 12th. at the Droop Mountain State Park, following a basket dinner Judge N.D. Waugh made a very interesting speech on "Security".

Other speakers were Rev. R.H. Skaggs and Rev. Don Taylor. Rev. Skaggs conducted the opening exercises and Rev. Taylor the memorial services.

The Bruffys Creek Methodist choir entertained with songs, aslo Clenton Ballard with solos. A gift was presented to the oldest, the youngest, the one traveling the greatest distance and to the largest family.

Charles Waugh of Morgantown, W.Va., received the gift for the oldest member present, the gift for the youngest went to William Waldo Waugh of Grafton, W.Va., the gift for the one traveling the greatest distance went to Madeline Wimer of Mt. Ranier, Md., and Geo. B. Waugh received the gift for having the largest family on the grounds.

Next year the Waugh reunion will again be held the 3rd. Sunday in July. The committee on arrangements are; James Waugh of Marlinton, W.Va. and David Brown of Elkins, W.Va.

Those attending from a distance are as follows:

Judge and Mrs. N. D. Waugh of Logan, W.Va.
Miss. Phoebe Joan Waugh, Logan.
Martha Waugh Davis of Fairmont, W.Va.
Charles Waugh of Morgantown, W.Va.
Mrs. Buna Waugh Ballard, Morgantown, W.Va.
Mrs. Pat Waugh Peitro of Morgantown, W.Va.
Mrs. E.B. McCormick of Ronceverte, W.Va.
Mrs. C. R. Graves of Ronceverte, W.Va.
Mrs. Madeline Waugh Wimer, Mt. Rainer, Md.
Pamela Wimer of Mt. Rainer, Md.
Mr. Nathan Waugh & family from Grafton, W.Va.
Mrs. Pearl Nestor of Moatsville, W.Va.
Karen Nestor "
John W. Nestor Jr. "
Steven Nestor "
Mr. & Mrs. John Hayes of Huttonsville, W.Va.
Mr. & Mrs. Ivan Gainer of Elkins, W.Va.
Fred Ballard of Morgantown, W.Va.
Mrs. Ida Burdett of Renick, W.Va.
Mr. & Mrs. W. F. Burdett of Renick, W.Va.
Mrs. Laura Taylor of [redacted] Montgomery, W.Va.
Paul P. Taylor, "
Mrs. Pauline Carithe (?) Montgomery, W.Va.
Kenneth Miles of Clarksburg, W.Va.
Yancy, Loretta, Sandra, Judith and Yancy Jr. all of Clarksburgh, W.Va.
Mr. &Mrs. S.L.Waugh of Elkins. W.Va.
Mrs. Lilliam Leftwich & family of Montgomery, W.Va.
Mike Crouch, Charleston, W.Va.

1953 REUNION CONTINUED.

Harriet Faxe Waugh, Marlinton, W.Va.
Jean Carrol Johnson, "
Fatima Waugh Denisson "
Henrietta G. Waugh "
MR. & Mrs. George B. Waugh Marlinton, W.Va.
R. Glenn Shrader "
Sharon Shrader "
Alva A. Johnson Jr. "
Clinton C. Ballard Morgantown, W.Va.
Buna Waugh Ballard "
Charles Waugh "
Zona Scott Marlinton W.Va.
Woodsie Bleau "
Orestus Waugh "
Mrs. Waldo Waugh "
MR. & Mrs. Nathen Waugh Jr., Grafton, W.Va.
Charlotte Sue and William W. Waugh, Grafton.
Shirley May Jeffries, Marlinton, W.Va.
Ruby and Paul Jeffries "
Clyde and Grace Moore Marlinton, W.Va.
James R. Waugh "
Rose Ellen Waugh "
Ernestine Waugh "
MR. &. Mrs. B.C. Waugh Hayes & Virginia Buckeye, W.Va.
Mr. & Mrs. John Hayes of Huttonsville, W.Va.
John Andrew and Billy Burke Hayes of Huttonsville, W.Va.
Mrs. Blanch Bruffey of Hillsboro, W.Va.
Mrs. Otto Kennison Hillsboro, W.Va.
Otto Kennison "
Fred Ballard of Morgantown, W.Va.
Rev. R.H. Skaggs of Marlinton, W.Va.
Mrs. R.H. Skaggs "
Glenn Waugh "
Mrs. Ethel Waugh Johnson Marlinton, W.Va.
Mr. Alva Johnson "
M.S. McNeill of Hillsboro, W.Va.
Mr. & Mrs. C.P. Pritchard of Buckeye, W.Va.
Mrs. W.O. Ruckman "
R.L. Sizemore of Montgomery, W.Va.
Kenneth McLe of Clarksburgh, W.Va.
Lucy Combs Hillsboro, W.Va.
Coda Cunningham "
Clyde and Mary Waugh of Marlinton, W.Va.
Bertha Waugh Marlinton, W.Va.
Lena Smith "
Maud Waugh "
Fred G. Wade, Seebert, W.Va.
Geo. Johnson of Marlinton,W.Va.

And many others who did not sign as being present.

Additions

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Baxter, of Clover Lick, W.Va., on Tuesday, August 25,1953, a son, John Allen Baxter.

Edray W.Va. Nov. 7, 1892
Miss Lizzie S. Waugh,
Academy W.Va.

...r Sister, I thought I would write you a few lines today as it is
...ining and I cant do any thing else. We are all well at this time
...th the exception of bad colds, hope you are well.

The protracted meeting is still going on at Edray yet.
...I expect it will close tonight, there has been 8 professions,
...ong were Annie & Lula, Levi Gibson, Ruth Barlow, Birdie Baxter,
...Gay, Hamid Gay's Mary, Bill Mann and Albert Gay, Mattie Payne
...Wallace Jackson are mourners they went forward last night. I
...ink it will close tonight, the weather is so disagreeable people
...t go that has very far to go.

You ought to have been at home last Sunday week. We
...d one of the biggest times you ever heard of, Uncle Dick Mayes
...Mr Ed Summers were here. Mr. Summers is agent for Organs, They
...d two organs with them, he was the best organist I ever heard
...y, and everybody that heard him play said the same, and there
...re a good many heard him play. I will try to tell you who all
...re if I can think of them all. First A. J. Smith, Ida & Allie
...ith, Mattie Payne, Miss Nora Bobbet, Sam Waugh, Ab Mann, Hanson
...m, Bill Gum, Will Morgan, Audry Smith, Wier Landis, Pres Baxter,
...as Waugh, Pat Poage, Mr Uriah Bird, Mrs Taylor, Mirandy McNiel,
...lie Barlow, Uncle John Stella & Dew, D. Waugh and family, and
...illiam Wade. I think that is about all, it is all I can think of
...this time. Mr. Summers is from Chicago Ill. the price of his
...gans were $150.00 each, nice organs you bet.

Edgar Sharp & Mary Gay were married last Thursday, John
...y, Effie Moore, Adam Baxter & Mattie Payne were the waiters, they
...de no big dinner nor nothing of the kind. Bill's D's Poges's and
...cle John's were about that were invited. Uncle John is getting
...ng very well with his house, it looks like another place about
...ir now. We are not done shucking corn yet. Patterson folks are all
...ll I was down there Sunday afternoon, Miss Tokie is there now.

I will have to tell you who Lula & Tima's Beaux are,
...illiam Morgan goes with Lula , Andy Smith with Tima, they bring
...m home from meeting about every other night. I have no Betsy
...self. Do you ever see Miss Lena K. & Dollia P- I would like to see
...em.

I thought I would have been down there before this time
...ntended to come to Aunt Marthas Saturday but it was so rainy and
...d I did not go.

Well I suppose I will have to close as I have run out
...news. The election and politics is about all the talk up here
...

I suppose tomorrow will settle the question. I suppose you and Aunt Marthy are getting along very well, if you are you had better stay with her, the girls are getting along very well.

Mr. Mathews commenced his school at the draft this morning, Lula, Mattie & Sallie started. I felt like crying because Miss Lena did not get the school.

Well I will close for this time, give my love to all the pretty girls you see, and ugly ones too. Dont let any body see this scribbled up sheet ofpaper, But put in the stove when you read it. Write soon to your good looking Brother up at Edray and tell me all the news.

Yours Truly
Harlow Waugh

P.S. Please excuse bad writing and spelling composition to. I am coming down soon maby Saturday. I would like to see you tolerable well.

Note. Although Uncle Harlow instructed Aunt Lizzie to burn this letter I am glad she did not, because in this one paper alone there are many events and dates about life in the 90's, gathering people, and their socials, asseen through the eyes and writing of an 18 year old farm boy./glv

OBITUARY OF LEVI WAUGH AS APPEARED IN THE POCAHONTAS TIMES THE FIRST WEEK OF JULY 1913

Death of Capt. Levi Waugh

Capt. Levi Waugh, Commander of Moffett Poage Camp, United Confederate Veterns, is dead. He passed peacefully away at the home of his daughter, Mrs. A. D. Williams, in Marlinton, Wednesday morning, July 2nd. about 2 o'clock, aged 75 years. His remains will be laid away at Edray this (Thursday) afternoon.

Levi Waugh was born at Dilley's Mill, this county, March 30, 1838, and was a son of the late Rev. John Waugh, one of the earliest settlers on Indian Draft, near Edray. Late in 1858 or early in 1859, he enlisted in a cavalry company made up at Huntersville at a general muster. This company was originally mustered in as state troops, but at the outbreak of the civil war it was mustered into the service of the Confederacy.

In 1863 he was captured and was held as a prisnor of war, most of the time at Fort Delaware, until the close of the war. For six years he served as commander of Moffett Poage Camp, U. C. V. A few weeks ago he attended the Confederate reunion at Chattanooga. Only last week he was stricken at the home of Mrs. Williams with something like paralysis, and remained in a very critical condition for several days. Last Monday he had recovered sufficiently to come down town. On his way back to his daughter's he was again stricken. From this he never recovered but lingered along until death came to his relief.

Besides his childred he is survived by two brothers, Beverly and John, two sisters, Mrs. Eveline Johnson and Mrs. Ann Potts, all reside in the county except Mrs. Potts, who lives at Elkins.

Deceased was of a very quiet disposition. For several years past he has been making his home here, dividing his time among his three daughters, and sometimes visiting his other children. In 1855 he was converted at a camp-meeting being held at Mill Point and united with the M.E. church. Shortly afterwards a motion was made in the conference to grant him license to preach, the motion being made by the late Rev. Jas. Moore. On account of his reticent disposition, however, he declined the offer to enter the ministery.

Death of Capt. Levi Waugh continued.

His father, too, objected because of his youthfulness. When the church was divided he cast his lot with the southern branch of the denomination, but probably against his religious judgment, for after that time he never took an active part in church work although he retained his membership in the church. Through life he always lived up to his motto which can be found in James 1; 27.*

*James 1: 27. Pure religion and undefiled before God and the Father is this, To visit the fatherless and widows in their affliction, and to keep himself unspotted from the world.

Co. I, 25th, Virginia Regiment
Confederate States Army.

As sent to the Editon of the
Pocahontas Times ln 1903 by
H.P.MCglaughlin a member of
the Company. I enclose for you the roll
of Company I, 25th. Va. Inf. CSA.
Those with a cross opposite their names
were either killed or died of wounds
and disease during the war. I would
like to hear from other companys that
went from this county, as it would keep
the names of those who fell for the Lost
Cause fresh in the minds of comrades. H.P.M.

D.A.Stofer, Captain.
J.H.McGlaughlin, lst. Lt. x
Augus, Timplean
Alderman, Audy C. x
Akers, James H. x
Arbogast, Daniel, x
Boon, B.B.
Burr, George, x
Burr, Frederick, x
Bradley, James, x
Corbett, Mustoe H.
Cleek, Peter L.
Cash, George H.
Carpenter, William H.
Cole, William
Eagan, Charles
Ervine, William H.
Friel, M.A.
Cranfield, John
Griffin, M.P. x
Grimes, Peter
Gammon, C.S.
Gammon, William, T.
Hannah, Robert
Hannah, Joseph
Helmick, George A.
Hogsett, William R.
Harold, C.B.
Harold, B.F. x
Haines, I.B. x
Hamilton, A.G. x
Jordan, J.J. x
Johnson, Joe
Lyons, Enos
Moore, Levi x
McGlaughlin, H.P.
Maher, Patrick x
Moore, Michael x
Mitchel, Sylvester x
Piles, John
Piles, William L. x
Pence, John W.
Swadley, James x
Slaven, William W.
Seebert, Lanty S. x
Sivey, Cain H.
Shannon, Michael
Shannon, James
Smith, Louis
Simmons, Chesley A.
Shrader, B.F. x
Varner, David A. x
Weaver, C.W.
Weaver, R.L.
Ware, Eugene M. x
Ware, William T.
Ware, George, x
Willihan, Michael
Willihan, Pat x
Waugh, Levi.

24 of 60 died in war.

Levi Waugh of Company I fought in many battles and late in the war was taken prisoner and sent first to Point Lookout, Maryland but later transferred to a prison in Ohio. There was a note found in the Waugh Bible that simply said, "Levi Waugh came home from prison May, 2oth, 1865."

glv

HARLOW WAUGH

Harlow Waugh, aged 74 years, died on Sunday morning, January 18, 1948. He had been in failing health for some weeks. On Tuesday afternoon, his body was laid to rest in the family plot in Mountain View Cemetery, the funeral being held from the Marlinton Methodist Church by his pastor, Rev. E. N. Carlson.

Acting pall bearers were Leslie Gehauf, Robert L. Miller, Walter Mason, Moffett Williams, Edward Rexrode and John Bear. Honorary pall bearers were C. W. Price, Fred Gehauf, Emery Anderson, A. H. McFerrin, S. J. Rexrode, E. H. Wade, E. H. Williams, Orin J. Beard, H. P. Spitzer, Guy Faulknier, S. H. Sharp, Fred C. Allen, Mack Brooks, Frank Johnson, J. D. Schafer, Ed. Grubbs. A. R. Gay, A. O. Baxter, Andy Thomas and John Sydenstricker.

Mr. Waugh was a son of the late Levi and Amanda Frances Poage Waugh. He married Miss Gertrude Gwin, daughter of the late David A. Gwin and Alice Rowan Gwin Robertson. She survives her husband, with their three children, Mrs. Bruce Crickard, Lt. Co. Meade Waugh, recently of the United States Army, and Miss. Alice Rowan Waugh, a teacher in the county schools. A son, Harry Harlow, and a daughter, Frances Poage, preceded their father some years since.

His death occurred on his and Mrs. Waugh's 43rd. wedding anniversary.

Of his father's family there remain his sisters, Miss Lizzie Waugh, of the Times Office; Mrs. C. E. Denison, of Marlinton, Mrs. Lola Williams, of Huntington; Mrs. William Clower, of Rainelle; and his brothers are George H. Waugh, of Marlinton, and Grover Waugh of Akron, Ohio.

Mr. Waugh is also survived by his two grand children, Caroline Rowan Waugh and Robert Harlow Waugh.

For many years Mr. Waugh had been a prominent citizen of our town and county. For thirty or more years he engaged in a prosperous store business, from which he retired some years ago.

Miss Lizzie Waugh.
c/o Marlinton Gen. Hospital,
Marlinton, W. Va.

Marlinton, W.Va.,
Sept. 30, 1926.

Dear Sister Lizzie:-

We are indeed sorry to learn of your illness and on account of your faithfullness to your church your absence is very noticeable.

We are at this time making our preparations for Rally Day and we could not think of the Sunday School on such an occasion without remembering you especially.

The brotherhood is remembering you in prayer and hopes that you may have an early recovery.

The implicit faith that you have always had in your Lord in time of health as you went about your work in the church and elsewhere, we feel sure, will sustain you in these trying hours.

As we remember you in our prayers on next Sunday, we wish you to join us in spirit as we unite our forces to rally to the work that is so dear to the hearts of all of us.

Very sincerely yours,

Wesley Brotherhood
By
/s/ Ira D. Brill.

Note. This letter was received by Aunt Lizzie when she had a serious operation performed by Dr. Harry Solter. in 1926. Her belief and the prayers must have been heard as she recovered andlived until June 5th. 1948, twenty two years later./glv

MRS ANNIE BAXTER

Mrs. Annie Baxter, wife of G. P. Baxter, died last Wednesday night, November 22, 1922, at the Marlinton Hospital, from the effect of injuries received in an aautomobile accident on November 5. On that date Mr. Baxter and Mrs. Baxter were coming from the home of their son Floyd Baxter, of Poage Lane in an automobile. As they were coming up out of the run near the residence of Giles Sharp, the machine left the road and turned over, breaking Mrs. Baxters back and otherwise injuring her.

Funeral services were conducted from the Edray church in the presence of a large congregation on Friday afternoon by her pastor, Rev. C. A. Powers, of the Methodist Church, assisted by Rev. Fred B. Wyand of the M. E. Church, South, and Rev. Dr. Flow and Rev. H. H. Orr, of the Presbyterian Church. Burial in the Edray cemetery.

Mrs Baxter was a daughter of the late Levi Waugh and his wife Mrs. Amanda Poage Waugh. Her age was 46 years. She is survived by her husband G. Preston Baxter and their son Floyd Baxter. Of her father's family, there remain her sisters, Mrs. C. E. Denison, of Marlinton. Mrs. A. D. Williams, of Morgantown, Miss. Lizzie Waugh of the Pocahontas Times, Mrs. Wm. Clower, of Rainelle, Harlow Waugh, of Marlinton, George H., of Edray, and Grover S., of Akron, Ohio.

Mrs. Baxter was a most useful woman. She performed well her part in the home, the community and the church. For more than thirty years she had been a professing christian and a member of the Methodist church.

NOTE: From the Pocahontas Times of late November 1922./glv

CLYDE ERNEST DENISON

Clyde Ernest Denison, aged sixty-two, died at his home in Paw Paw, West Virginia on Wednesday June 25th. 1947. On Monday he suffered a stroke of paralysis. On Sunday afternoon the funeral service was held from the Marlinton Presbyterian church, of which he had long been a member. His pastor Rev. Roger P. Melton, was assisted by Rev. E. N. Carlson, pastor of the Methodist Church. Interment in the family plot in Mountain View Cemetery with Masonic honors.

The deceased was a son of John Elliott and Frances Henderson Denison, of Rockbridge county Virginia. Forty-two years ago he came to Marlinton, to be employed by the United States Leather Company, and rose to positions of trust and responsibility. About fifteen years since he was transferred by this company to its plant at Paw Paw, where he was employed until his death.

He married Miss Sally C. Waugh. To this union was born one daughter, who is now Mrs Anna Denison Fisher of Washington.D.C. Mrs. Denison preceded her husband many years ago. His second wife was Mrs. Fatima S. Vaughan, who survives. He is also survived by his daughter, Mrs. Daniel Fisher, one grandaughter, Elizabeth D. Fisher, three stepsons, Herbert Vaughan of Marlinton, George Vaughan of Akron Ohio, and Glen Vaughan of Annapolis, Md.

Of his fathers family, the deceased is survived by his four brothers, Harry B. of San Antonio, Texas.; Hugh of Fairfield,Va. Bruce and Glen of Stanton, Virginia.

Thus is noted the passing of a good, substantial man who did well whatever his hand found to do.

Among those from a distance here Sunday to attend the funeral of C. Ernest Denison were Mrs. Dan Fisher and daughter Elizabeth of Washington, D.C. Mr & Mrs. Hugh Denison of Fairfield, Va. Glen and Bruce Denison of Stanton, Va. Mr & Mrs. Glen Vaughan of Annapolis Md. Mr & Mrs. George Vaughan and daughter Virginia of Akron Ohio, George H. Vaughan of Corpus Christi Texas, Mrs. W.P. Clower, Mrs H.L.Gray and son David, Mrs. Prince Crotty, all of Rainelle, W.Va. Mr & Mrs John A. Williams and sons John and Billy. of White Sulphur Springs W.Va. Mr. & Mrs. T.J.Hanrahan, Mr & Mrs. J.J.Hanrahan, Mr & Mrs. David Keifer, Ed C. Ambrose, Merle Crabtree Boyd Gordon, Morgan Hogbin, Floyd Robertson, Leo Robertson, Bob Malcomb, Albert Moore, Lloyd Ryan, Mr & Mrs. Norman Hannah, all of Paw Paw, West Virginia, and Harry Foley of Petersburg, W.Va.

NOTE: From the Pocahontas Times of July 3, 1947./glv

Deaths

C. E. Denison

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Of his father's family, the deceased is survived by his four brothers, Harry B. San Antonio, Texas; Hugh, of Fairfield, Bruce and Glenn of Staunton, Virginia.

Thus is noted the passing of a good, substantial man who did well whatever his hand found to do

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THE BRADSHAW FAMILY

A granddaughter of John Bradshaw became the wife of Beverly Hugh Waugh.

About 1760 two brothers, James and John Bradshaw came to America. James finally settled in Kentucky. John Bradshaw, Esq., remained in Augusta County, Virginia, and married Miss. Nancy McKamie. They settled on the Bullpasture River. After a few years they moved to what is now Pocahontas county, West Virginia, and settled near Huntersville. They were the parents of eight children, four sons and four daughters as follows.

James
John
Thomas
William
Nancy
Elizabeth
Margaret
Jane.

James Bradshaw married Isabella Stevens of Greenbrier County, and settled on the old homestead. They had three children that we know about today. John Bradshaw and Franklin Bradshaw. Their daughter Eveline Bradshaw, married a Byrd and settled near Falling Springs in Greenbrier County. James and Isabella Bradshaw also had two grandsons, Captain R. H. Bradshaw, a gallant soldier who fell in the battle of Port Republic. and James Bradshaw of McDowell County.

John Bradshaw married Nancy Stevens, sister of his brother James wife, and settled in the Big Valley between the Bullpasture and Jacksons River. They later moved to Missouri and we have nothing further of John's family.

Thomas Bradshaw married Nancy Williams on Anthonys Creek, and settled on Browns Creek. He was a botanical physician and died in 1862 at an advanced age in Huntersville. His family moved to Webster County then to Missouri.

William Bradshaw's family will be described at the close of this section on the Bradshaws.

Nancy Bradshaw married Levi Cackley, and lived on Stamping Creek, near Millpoint.

Margaret Bradshaw married John Gwin on Jacksons River. Their sons and daughters are: Nancy was the first wife of Squire Hugh McLaughlin. David Gwin married Eliza Stevenson, of Jackson River. John Gwin Jr. married Miss Gillespie. B. Austin Gwin, son of John Jr., is a grandson of Margaret Bradshaw Gwin. Jane Gwin married a Mr. Starr, and lived at Winchester. Elizabeth Gwin married a Mr. Givens on Jacksons River.

Elizabeth Bradshaw, was the first wife of Samuel Hogsett of Augusta County. Their children are; John who married Leah Cackley, Nancy who married a McAtee, William, Perry, Josiah, Thomas, Samuel, Margaret, Mary, Eliza and Elizabeth. Total of eleven children.

BRADSHAWS CONTINUED.

Jane Bradshaw, was married to William Tallman of Greenbank, and lived at the old home place. Their son Colonel James Tallman was clerk of the two courts of Pocahontas county for many years. He was Colonel of the 127th Regiment of Virginia Militia. Jane's husband died in early manhood.

Jane Bradshaw Tallman's second marriage was to Thomas Gammon. They were the parents of five children thus; William, John, Franklin, Cyrus and Martin. William married Elizabeth Slaven, Martha Jane's first husband was Amos Campbell of Highland County, Va. Her second marriage was to Rev. J. W. Canter, a Methodist minister.

William Bradshaw married Jane Elliot Hickman of Back Creek. They were the parents of nine children as follows.

Mary Jane Bradshaw married Alexander Moore.
Nancy Makamie Bradshaw married Isaac Hartman.
Senilda Eiler Bradshaw married Washington Nottingham.
Huldah Hickman Bradshaw married John A. McLaughlin.
Martha Ann Bradshaw married Beverly Hugh Waugh (See under Waughs)
Matilda Margaret Bradshaw married Nicholas Linger.
Rebecca Frances Bradshaw died early in life.
Rachel Hannah Bradshaw died at the age of six years.
William James Bradshaw married Mary Ellen Watson and settled in Lewis County.

NOTES ON JOHN BRADSHAW ESQ.:

John Bradshaw and his brother James was a native of England before coming to this country. Bradshaw is a historic name in England John Bradshaw at one time owned most of the land from Huntersville to Dilleys Mill. He donated, without reservation, the site for all the public buildings of the new Pocahontas County, at Huntersville the county seat. He once drew a ten thousand dollar prize in a lottery wh made him a wealthy man for the times. He was drafted into service about the time of Tarletons raid on Charlottesville during the War of 1812.

John Bradshaw died suddenly in 1837. His grave is marked by a wild cherry tree in the old Huntersville cemetery, which is said to be growing directly over his grave.

The above is taken from 'History of Pocahontas County'./glv

Many times during these Manuscript's there will be family histories which do not relate to Pocahontas county - these will be the forerunners of the famlies who settled on the Greenbrier on or before the year 1800.

Sketches of the Poagues, Waltons, Renicke, Donnallys, Mayse, Drakes, Hills, Bradsh?, McCormick's, Bradshaw's, Andersons, Howards - and on back to Marlin himself.

An interesting item that just crossed my mind is that many years ago Mr. Calvin Price told me that his name was not Marlin but the name was changed when some backwoodsman who couldnt read or write very well forgot to cross the 'T' in Marlins name and it should have been 'Martin and Sewell' instead of Marlin and Sewell. Have often wondered what would happen in that mistake were not made.

The next few pages are dedicated to the Vaughans - my fathers family, and to Miss Amy Howard, 817A Indiana Ave., Charleston, W.Va. 25302. Amy and her Sister Emma both taught school at Thornwood in the early Teen's - later moving to Greenbrier County and finished teaching High School in Charleston, W.Va. I believe that they had about fifty years teaching West Virginia schools before they re-tired in the late 1950's. Emma has been dead over ten years and Amy and Doctor Robert Renick Vaughan of Logan were always the prime movers of the Vaughan reunions until early 1970, since then Bessie Spence of Caldwell has mailed the notices, which I am sorry to say is growing smaller each hear and doubt that there will be a reunion this year (1976).

Have located the following cousins but cannot connect them with Burrell Vaughan.

Dorothy Stein of Roswell, New Mexico, Two girls, Three Boys.
Gladys Wilsinson, 520 Wyoming St, Charleston, W.Va. 25302.

Burrell's Grandchildren branched out in many and various professions. Mostly Ministers and Teachers. Farmers, Businessmen, Nurses and wives of all the former, Yes there were a couple Millionaire's for good measure. Mostly just the run of the mill men from Pocahontas County.

Many years ago the Old Log House that Burrell and his wife Mary Jane built on Caesar Mountain was being moved down to the Mason Vaughan farm to be used as a meat house, burnt - so now there is nothing but memories for all us Grandchildred of Burrell Vaughan.

The next three pages are the family as written by Amy Howard.

Burrell Vaughan Family

Burrell Vaughan was born in Brunswick Co. Virginia. Son of John Vaughan and Rebecca Drake Vaughan.

His wife, Mary Jane Vaughan, daughter of Joseph Anderson and Virginnia Donnally Anderson.

Burrell and Mary Jane were the parents of nine children. Maggie died in infancy. Their married life was spent in Greenbrier and Pocahontas Counties. Both are buried in cemetery of the Old Stone Church, Lewisburgh, W.Va
The following are their children and number of grand/great children.

1. Sabihe Hodges (d) - Elijah Hodges. (d).
2. Children 8, Grandchildren 35, Great grandchildren?

Samuel Hodges (d)

Lena McMillion - Renick

Laura Virginia Whanger - Matt (d) - Steubenville, Ohio.

Howard A. Hodges - Brownie, Ronceverte

Edward A. Hodges - Barborsville, Va.

Mary Ann McCoy - Lock (d) Beard
Thomas H. Hodges - Newfield, N. Y.

Frances Mae Otkin - Dr. L.B. - Greenwood, Miss.

Bessie Spence - George - Caldwell.

---

2. Thomas Renick Vaughan (d) - Mary Walton
Children 8, Grand and Great grand children ?

Maggie Carr (d) - Theodore (d)

Lacy Eagle - John - Renick

Berdie Friel - Jerry - Marlinton

Earnest Vaughan - Dixie - Hutchinson

Fred Vaughan (d) - Lillian - Earling

Mabel Small - Charles - Logan

Grotthern Seldonridge - Elmer - Huntington

Clifton Vaughan - Lethat - Roanoke, Va.

Burrell Vaughan Family

3. Henry Mason Vaughan (d) - Nancy Walton (d)
Children (7) Grandchildren (22) Greatgrandchildren (19)

Dr. Robert Renick Vaughan - Dixie (?) , McConnell, W.Va.

Dock R. Vaughan - Maggie - Hillsboro. W.Va.

Forest Burrell Vaughan (d)

J. Lake Vaughan - Josephine (1) Logan, W.Va.

Leonard A. Vaughan - Bertha - Henlawson

Orlenne Clevenger - Edward - Cleveland, Ohio.

Milton Dye Vaughan - Josephine - Hillsboro, W.Va.

---

4. Hannah Virginia Walton (d) Joseph Walton (d)
Children (6) Grandchildren 18 Greatgrandchildren (12)

Lockie Duncan (d) Colbert

Clarence Walton - Mary - Renick

Lon Walton - Renick

Blanch Simmons - Harry - Renick

Lucy Plummer - James - Williamsburg

Basil Walton - Allie - Charleston, W.Va.

---

5. Mary Ann Howard (d) David C. Howard (d)
Children 11 - Grandchildren 33 Greatgrandchildren 27, GGGChildren 1.

George Arthur Howard (d) Mamie (d)

Dora Satina Perrow - Lawrence (d) - Fort Springs, W.Va.

Lennie Jane Cutwright - Rev. Vernon - Bridgeport.

Amy Lucy Howard - Charleston, W.Va. 'Writer of this paper'

Emma Bertha Howard (d) Charleston, W.Va.

Jane Bertha Howard Allen - Evart - Wheeling, W.Va

Blanch Irene Meador (d) - Elvyn - Washington, D.C.

Milburn Clark Howard - Nellie - ST. Albans, W.Va.

Stella Laura Kirkpatrick - Arlie, Parkersburg, W.Va.

Miles David Howard - Hilda - Charleston, W.Va.

Manley Vaughan Howard - Virginia - Oak Hill, W.Va.

BURRELL VAUGHAN FAMILY

6. Charles Lockwood Vaughan - Mattie Walton - 2nd. Lillie Loudermilk.
Children 11, Grandchildren 43, Greatgrandchildren 49, Great-grandchildren 2,

Grace Mann (d) Porter - Oblong, Ill.

Oliver Vaughan - Grace - Robinson, Ill.

Gertrude Sharp (d) - Joe Sharp - Millpoint

Lawrence H. Vaughan - Bessie - Gallopolis, Ohio.

Ines Elliott - Walker - Martinsville, Ill.

Orion Vaughan - (d) Lizzie (d)

Bertha Stidham (d) - Jerry (dO.

Gladys Wilkinson - A.J. Wilkson. Charleston.

Lockhard Vaughan - (d)

Nancy Loudermilk - Cleve - Vago

Winfield Vaughan - Marion - Vargo.

---

7. Joseph Morgan Lovic Vaughan -d- Georgia Hindgarner
Children 11 - Grandchildren -- GGChildren --.

Bruce Waughan - Hines

Edwin Vaughan - California

Lloyd Vaughan - Richmond, Va.

Hallie Malcolm - Harley - Goody. Ky.

Mildred Fox - William - Victor

Lucille Sheppard - California

Anna Houchins - Baltimore, Md.

Bettsy Murray - Malcolm, Big Bear Lake, Calif.

Arlie Vaughan - Hillsboro

Yancy Vaughan - Hillsboro

Nesbit Coleman - Ansted

---

8. Elijah Burrell Vaughan - Fatima Susan Waugh
Children 4, Grandchildren 4.

James Herbert Vaughan - Cathleen, Marlinton

George Beard Vaughan - Grace Hunt - Akron, Ohio.

Glen Levi Vaughan - Elsie Geneva Paget, Annapolis Md.

Edwin Vaughan (d) age 6 Mo. 22 days.

End Burrell Family.

THE CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILWAY COMPANY
RICHMOND 10, VIRGINIA

Vice President-Labor Relations

APR 7 – 1955
FILE

April 6, 1955

File 171-G

Lt. Glen L. Vaughan, U.S.N. (Ret.)
400 Melvin Avenue
Annapolis, Maryland

Dear Sir:

I understand from your letter of March 17, 1955, you are trying to establish the exact date of the death of your father.

Our book record shows that your father Elijah Burrell Vaughan, while working as a section foreman, was fatally injured when he was run over by a car being shifted at Handley, West Virginia, May 1, 1906.

I trust this information will assist you in applying for membership in the Maryland Society, Sons of the American Revolution.

Yours very truly,

B. B. Bryant

B. B. Bryant
Assistant Vice President-Labor Relations

Coat of Arms

Vaughan

Historiography

The Vaughan Coat of Arms illustrated left was drawn by an heraldic artist from information officially recorded in ancient heraldic archives. Documentation for the Vaughan Coat of Arms design can be found in Rietstap Armorial General. Heraldic artists of old developed their own unique language to describe an individual Coat of Arms. In their language, the Arms (shield) is as follows:

"D'or au lion reg. de sa., arm.
et lamp. de gu. Cq. cour."

Above the shield and helmet is the Crest which is described as:

"Un lion iss. coupe d'arg.
sur sa."

When translated the blazon also describes the original colors of the Vaughan Arms and Crest as it appeared centuries ago.
Family mottos are believed to have originated as battle cries in medieval times. A Motto was recorded with this Vaughan Coat of Arms:

"PLANE ET SANE"

Individual surnames originated for the purpose of more specific identification. The four primary sources for second names were: occupation, location, father's name, or personal characteristics. The surname Vaughan appears to be patronymical in origin, and is believed to be associated with the Welsh, meaning, "descendant of Vaugn (little)." The supplementary sheet included with this report is designed to give you more information to further your understanding of the origin of names. Different spellings of the same original surname are a common occurence. Dictionaries of surnames indicate probable spelling variations of Vaughan to be Vaughn. Although bearers of the old and distinguished Vaughan name comprise a small fraction of the population there are a number who have established for it a significant place in history. They include: SIR THOMAS VAUGHAN (d.1483) Warrior during the War of the Roses, taking the Yorkist side. He became a Knight in 1475. WILLIAM VAUGHAN (1577-1641) British poet who was a colonizer of Newfoundland. He purchased a tract of land there in 1616, and between 1617 and 1618, he sent many settlers. Author of "The Golden Grove." HENRY VAUGHAN (1622-1695) Doctor and poet. Two of his many works are, "Silex Scintillians", and "Mount of Olives." ROBERT VAUGHAN (d.1667) English engraver who was chiefly employed to do portraits and plates for booksellers. His chief employer was James I. THOMAS VAUGHAN (1782-1843) English tenor who was a choirster of Norwich Cathedral, under Beckwith. In 1799, he was elected a Lay-Clerk of Saint George's Chapel in Windsor. In 1803, he obtained the London appointment of Vicar-Choral of Saint Paul's Cathedral, and Lay-Vicar of Westminster Abbey. ROGER WILLIAM BEDE VAUGHAN (1834-1883) Benedictine Archbishop of Australia between 1877 and 1883. Author of a biography on Thomas Aquinas. No genealogical representation is intended or implied by this report and it does not represent individual lineage or your family tree.

HALBERTS
3687 Ira Road-Bath, Ohio 44210

Deaths

Succumbs at 80

Funeral services for Mrs. Mary Ann Howard, 80, above, who died Monday at 7 p. m. at her home at 1317 Pennsylvania Av., will be held Tuesday at 8 p. m. at the residence, with Rev. C. R. Garrison officiating. The body will be taken to Ronceverte Wednesday for additional rites at 2 p. m. at the Ketron Memorial Methodist church, with Rev. Okey Summers, Rev. Mr. McClung and Rev. John Gillispie in charge. Bartlett mortuary will direct burial in Whanger cemetery.

Mrs. Howard, mother of 11 children, nine of whom are living, was born in Lewisburg to J. Burl and Mary Anderson Vaughn. She came to Charleston in 1918 with her husband, David C. Howard, who died 14 years ago. Known to neighbors as "Grandma Howard," she made her home with two daughters, Miss Amy Howard, teacher at Taft school, and Miss Emma Howard, teacher at Bigley school. Mrs. Howard suffered a stroke in July 1939 and another last Dec. 11. Also surviving are four other daughters, Mrs. L. A. Perrow of Fort Springs, Mrs. V. C. Cutright of Salem, Mrs. E. E. Allen of Huntington and Mrs. A. J. Kirkpatrick of Parkersburg; three sons, M. C. Howard of St. Albans, Milan D. Howard, principal of Owens school, and Manley V. Howard of Elkins; two brothers, Henry M. Vaughn of Lobelia, W. Va., and Lovic Vaughn of Hillsboro; 27 grandchildren and 17 great-grandchildren.

Thursday, February 14, 1963

Mrs. C. E. Denison

Mrs. C. E. Denison, age 88 years, of Marlinton, died on Sunday, February 10, 1963, in a Beckley hospital after a long illness.

She was born at Edray, December 19, 1874, the daughter of the late Levi and Amanda Frances Poage Waugh.

Mrs. Denison was the last of nine children to be called.

She was preceded in death by her two husbands, E. B. Vaughan and C. E. Denison, and a son, J. H Vaughan.

Mrs. Denison was a member of the Marlinton Methodist Church and a charter member and past matron of Marlinton Chapter Number 97, Order of the Eastern Star.

Survivors include two sons, George Vaughan, of Akron, Ohio, and Glen L. Vaughan, of Annapolis, Maryland; and one step-daughter, Mrs. Anna Denison Fisher, of Saigon Viet Nam; five grandchildren, and eleven great-grandchildren

Funeral services were held Wednesday afternoon in the Marlinton Methodist Church with the Rev. George McCune in charge. Burial was in the Mountain View Cemetery.

SPENCE, George Washington — Service will be at 2 p.m. Saturday in Wallace and Wallace Funeral Home at Lewisburg with Rev. G. C. Musick and Rev. A. R. Hancock officiating. Burial will be in Oak Grove tery at Hillsboro. Mr. Spence, 90, of Caldwell, Greenbrier County, died Wednesday at his home after a long illness. He was a resident of Greenbrier County for most of his life, a member of the Anthony Baptist Church, and a retrd mployee of the C & O Railway. Surviving are his widow, the former Bessie Hodges; two daughters, Mrs. Thomas Legg Allen of Roanoke, Va.; two sons, Lloyd of Oak Ridge, Tenn., and of Frankford, and Mrs. David Capt. Eugene with the army at Ft. Meade, Md.; a sister, Mrs. Aregon Scott of Renick; and nine grandchildren.

SILVER ANNIVERSARY.

Mr and Mrs. J. Herbert Vaughan entertained with an informal reception at their home on South Third Avenue, Saturday afternoon, November 12, 1938, celebrating the twentyfifth wedding anniversary of Mr. Vaughan's mother and step-father' Mr and Mrs. C. Ernest Denison of Paw Paw, W.Va., who were their guests for the weekend.

The reception rooms were decorated with bowls filled with chryanthemums. The dining room table was covered with a hand made lace cloth. A crystal bowl filled with pink roses surrounded by white candles in crystal holders formed the center piece.

Mrs. Samuel Nixon Hench and Mrs. Robert Bruce Crickard presided at the coffee and tea service. While the guests were being served Miss Edith May sang two beautiful solos. Miss. Elizabeth Waugh had charge of the guest list which included more than a hundred relatives and friends of Mr and Mrs Denison, who are former residents of Marlinton.

Out of town guests included Mr and Mrs Daniel Fisher of Washington DC. Mr and Mrs George B. Vaughan of Akron, Ohio; Mr and Mrs Ray Portsmess, of Paw Paw, W.Va.; Mr and Mrs W. P. Clower and sons William and Charles, of Rainelle: Mrs Floyd Baxter and son Ernest of Cloverlick; Mrs. R. Bruce Crickard of Valley Head: Miss Mary Moore of Mingo; Mrs Malinda Hannah, Mrs Russell Hannah and daughter Amy May, of Slaty Fork, W.Va.

Dr. Vaughan, Retired, Dies

LOGAN — Dr. Robert R. Vaughan, 78, of McConnell, pioneer physician of Logan and Fayette counties, died at 6 p.m. Thursday in Logan General Hospital after a heart attack earlier at his home.

Service will be at 2 p.m. Sunday in Harris mortuary chapel here. Burial will be in Forest Lawn Cemetery at Peck's Mill with Masonic graveside rites.

Dr. Vaughan had practiced medicine in Logan County since 1911. Prior to that he taught school several years in Pocahontas County.

• • •

WHEN HE FIRST came to Logan he was associated with Holden Hospital and had engaged in the practice of medicine for several coal companies of the area. He was at Holden and Dehue a number of years and at one time was associated with the Hutchinson Coal Co. at Macbeth.

Dr. Vaughan retired five years ago and since that time has done limited practice.

He was born Dec. 22, 1880 at Hillsboro, son of H. M. and Miram Nancy Vaughan. He attended West Virginia University and was graduated in 1905 from Chattanooga, Tenn., Medical College. He first practiced at Page, Fayette County.

HE WAS A 32d degree Mason and member of the Order of Eastern Star and Emmanuel Methodist Church at Lobelia.

Surviving are his wife, Mrs. Dixie Cook Vaughan; two daughters, Mrs. Katherine Fortney and Mrs. Howard J. Collins of McConnell; a sister, Mrs. E. F. Clevenger of Cleveland, Ohio; three brothers, D. R. and H. M. Vaughan of Hillsboro and Leonard A. of this city; and three grandchildren.

Deaths

JAMES H. VAUGHAN

James Herbert (Slats) Vaughan, age 54, died at his home in Marlinton Monday, Nov. 10 after a prolonged illness.

He is survived by his wife, Cathleen May Vaughan; three sons, James B., of Tokyo, Japan, George H., of the U. S. Navy, and H. Jackson, a student at West Virginia University; his mother, Mrs. C. E. Dennison, of Marlinton; two brothers, George B., of Akron, Ohio, and Glen L., of Annapolis, Md.

Mr. Vaughan had been associated with the S. B. Wallace Co. for the past 28 years as a salesman. He was a World War I veteran and a charter member of the American Legion Post 50, and a member of Marlinton Lodge No. 127, A. F. and A. M.

The funeral service will be held from the home on Lower Third Avenue on Thursday afternoon. His body will be laid to rest in the family plot in Mt. View Cemetery.

THE EVENING CAPITAL Sept. 10, 1975

GOTCHA! — Burrell Davidson, 14, a ninth grader from St. Margaret's, spears a ring to advance in the novice class. She is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Davidson.

Jousting

Jousting, a Maryland tradition since the days when Baltimore was a lord rather than a city, was revived over the weekend at the St. Margaret's Church jousting tournament. Although the object no longer involves knocking fearsome foes from their gallant steeds, a keen eye and equestrian skill are still of prime importance. Modern day knights and ladies fair competed amid pomp and pageantry, and everyone had a good time, too.

Burrell Davidson is the daughter of Betty Jo Vaughan Davidson of the Davidson farm at St. Margaret's across the Severn river from Annapolis, Maryland. Burrell's Grandparents were J. Lake and Josephine Vaughan of Logan, West Virginia, they were the first two persons killed on then new Chesepeake Bay Brid about 1952.

She is the Greatgranddaughter of the late Henry Ma and Nancy Walton Vaughan of Lobelia, W.Va.

Burrell is a member of the St. Margaret's Pony Club, Last year during the 1975 meet at Ashland, Ohio, she competed in the Eastern Division of the U.S. Pony Club Games competetion. During this meet Burrell's riding earned her a place on the United States Eastern Division to Compete against Canada and Great Britian's teams in England during the summer of 1976. The U.S. teams will consist of two teams of five members each.

Burrell's older sister is a well known horse handler and trainer in Maryland.

en langage of the most intelligent authors. His contemporaries soon accepted his decision as authoritative in cases of doubtful or two conflicting usage; Vaugelas' instinct to speak not merely correctly but elegantly, and the Remarques became le bible de l'usage.

Vaugelas was sensible enough to realize that good usage changed with changes of interest in society. But when Richelieu took over his literary discussion group of nine to form the Académie Française, he instructed them to create firm rules for the language and to render it pure and eloquent. Vaugelas' dicta were then taken too literally. The rigidity imposed by the Académie was resisted by authors in the second half of the 17th century, and, even some of Vaugelas' contemporaries, not content with the formal language of the court, added spice to their writing by using language of the common people. Ultimately, however, the Académie eliminated the excesses of Renaissance diction and set a standard of literary taste.

·French literature development 10:1155d

Vaughan, Henry (b. 1621?, Llansantffraed, Breconshire, Wales—d. April 23, 1695, Llansantffraed), poet and mystic remarkable for the range and intensity of his spiritual intuitions. He attended Oxford and went to London to study law but was summoned home in 1642 on the outbreak of the Civil War. In 1646 he published *Poems, with the tenth Satyre of Juvenal Englished* ("The Vanity of Human Wishes"), and another volume of secular verse the next year. Between 1646 and 1650, when he was profoundly impressed by George Herbert's poetry, he came to repudiate all "idle verse." His *Silex Scintillans* (1650; "The Glittering Flint," enlarged 1655) and the prose *Mount of Olives; or, Solitary Devotions* (1652) show the depth of his religious convictions and the authenticity of his poetic genius. His secular poems include *Olor Iscanus* (1651; "The Swan of Usk") and *Thalia Rediviva* (1678; "Thalia, Muse of Lyric Poetry, Revived"). He also translated short moral and religious works in prose which are included in *Olor Iscanus*, in *The Mount of Olives*, and in *Flores Solitudinis* (1654; "Flowers of Solitude"). Vaughan became interested in medicine and translated two medical works by Henrich Nolle under the titles *Hermetical Physick* (1655) and *The Chymists Key* (1657). When he began to practice medicine is not known, but he seems to have continued until shortly before he died. Anthony à Wood, the English antiquarian, observed that he "was esteemed by scholars an ingenious person but proud and humorous'."

Although Vaughan learned from other writers and borrowed many phrases from George Herbert, he was one of the most original poets of his day. His chief asset was a gift of spiritual vision or imagination that enabled him to write of immaterial things more freshly and convincingly than most of his contemporaries except Milton. This is illustrated in the famous lines from "The World," beginning:

I saw Eternity the other night
Like a great Ring of pure and endless light,

He plays the same light of eternity round things of common experience. A lover of natural beauty, he held the old notion of a life in nature, believing that every flower enjoys the air it breathes and that even sticks and stones share man's expectation of resurrection. The contrast between unfallen nature and degenerate man gained force with him from the political events of the 1640s. It may explain Vaughan's idealizations of the past and his admiration of fresh, unspoiled existence. Some features of Vaughan's poetry have analogies in Wordsworth (the similarities between "The Retreat" and the ode on "Intimations of Immortality" have often been noted).

Vaughan's technical accomplishments were of a higher order than has usually been recognized. A master of evocative phrasing and harmonious rhythm, he knew how to make illustrative images serve the purposes of poetry.

His prose also deserves attention for its form, fluency, and self-revealing comments.

His poetry was largely disregarded in his own time and for over a hundred years after his death. Several editions appeared in the 19th century and his *Works* was edited by L.C. Martin (2nd ed. 1957).

·English literature development 10:1149h

Vaughan, Sarah (1924–), U.S. popular jazz singer.

·jazz vocalists 10:126c

Vaughan, Thomas (1622–66), British chemist and mystic, remembered for his contributions to mystical philosophy rather than as a man of letters, though his writing, once noted for its obscurity, has moments of visionary power recalling that of his twin brother, Henry.

Vaughan Williams, Ralph (b. Oct. 12, 1872, Down Ampney, Gloucestershire—d. Aug. 26, 1958, London), dominant English composer of the first half of the 20th century, founder of the nationalist movement in English music. He studied at Trinity College, Cambridge, and in London at the Royal College of Music under two principal figures of

Vaughan Williams, portrait by Juliet Pannett, 1957; in the National Portrait Gallery, London

By courtesy of the National Portrait Gallery, London

the late-19th-century renascence of English music, Sir Charles Stanford and Sir Hubert Parry. In 1897–98 he studied in Berlin under the noted composer Max Bruch and in 1909 in Paris under Maurice Ravel. About 1903 he began to collect folk songs and in 1904–06 he was musical editor of *The English Hymnal*, for which he wrote his celebrated "Sine Nomine" ("For All the Saints"). After artillery service during World War I he became professor of composition at the Royal College of Music.

His studies of English folk song and his interest in English music of the Tudor period fertilized his talent, enabling him to incorporate modal elements (*i.e.*, based on folk song and medieval scales) and rhythmic freedom into a musical style at once highly personal and deeply English.

Vaughan Williams' compositions include orchestral, stage, chamber and vocal works. His three *Norfolk Rhapsodies* (nos. 2 and 3 later withdrawn), notably the first in E minor (first performed, 1906), were the first works to show his assimilation of folk song contours into a distinctive melodic and harmonic style. His symphonies cover a vast expressive range. The first, *A Sea Symphony* (1910), for voices and orchestra, is based on poems of Walt Whitman. The second, *A London Symphony* (1914; rewritten 1915; rev. 1918, 1920, 1934), suggests moods and scenes of London; while the third, the evocative *Pastoral Symphony* (1922) has no detailed extramusical references. The fourth (1935) ventures into harsh dissonances and complex rhythms; but the fifth (1943) returns to a more modal, serene style, being based on and expanding sketches for his opera *The Pilgrim's Progress* (1951). The sixth symphony (1948) is in many ways expressive of the tensions and tragedy of World War II. The seventh, *Sinfonia Antarctica* (1953), is an adaptation of his music for the film *Scott of the Antarctic* (1949). The eighth symphony (1956) is noted for its lyricism and dramatic impact, the ninth (1958) for its strong note of pessimism and despair. Other orchestral works include the *Fantasia on a Theme by Tallis* (1910), concerti for piano (later arranged for two pianos and orchestra), oboe, and tuba, and the *Romance* for harmonica and orchestra (1952).

Of his stage works, *The Pilgrim's Progress* (1951) and *Job* (1931; after William Blake), a masque for dancing, reflect his serious, mystical side. *Hugh the Drover* (1924), a ballad opera, stems from his folk song interest. *Riders to the Sea* (1937) is a poignant setting of John Millington Synge's play.

He wrote many songs of great beauty, including *On Wenlock Edge* (1909; to poems of A.E. Housman), a cycle for tenor, string quartet, and piano, later arranged for tenor and orchestra, and *Five Mystical Songs* (1911; optional version with chorus), to poems of George Herbert. His *Flos Campi* (1925), for small chorus, viola, and chamber orchestra, draws its inspiration from the Song of Solomon and utilizes the technique of wordless vocalises. Also particularly notable among his choral works are the *Mass in G Minor*, the cantatas *Toward the Unknown Region* (first performed 1907 after Whitman) and *Dona Nobis Pacem* (*Grant Us Peace*; 1936), and the oratorio *Sancta Civitas* (*The Holy City*; 1926). He also wrote many part songs, and hymn and folk song settings.

Vaughan Williams broke the ties with continental Europe that for two centuries through Handel, Mendelssohn, and lesser German composers had made Britain virtually a musical province of Germany. Although his predecessors in the English musical renascence, Sir Edward Elgar, Parry, and Stanford, remained within the continental tradition, Vaughan Williams, like such nationalist composers as the Russian Modest Mussorgsky, the Czech Bedřich Smetana, and the Spanish Manuel de Falla, turned to folk song as a wellspring of native musical style. After World War I his idiom became established and unmistakable. He wrote in every form and in particular served the English choral tradition generously.

·film score preparation view 12:699a
·folk elements in chamber music 4:27h
·sonata extension using germinal motifs 17:10d
·20th-century English choral works 4:447f

vault, structure in building construction evolved from the arch, usually forming a ceiling, or roof. The basic barrel form, which appeared first in ancient Egypt and the Near East, is in effect a continuous series of arches deep enough to cover a three-dimensional space. It exerts the same kind of thrust as the

Vault, showing groin construction

circular arch and must be buttressed along its entire length by heavy walls with limited openings, accounting for the character of Romanesque architecture. Roman architects, however, discovered that two barrel vaults that intersected at right angles formed a groin vault that repeated in series could span rectangular areas of unlimited length. Because the groin vault's thrusts are concentrated at the four corners, its supporting walls need not be massive and require buttressing only where they support the vault. The groin vault, however, requires great precision in stone cutting, an art that declined with the fall of Rome.

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR
THURSDAY, APR. 15, 1976

Panther Killed

"If only Cal Price were alive" is what everyone has been saying since Sunday afternoon at 2:15 when a panther was killed in the Jacox-Lobelia area by Kessler Pritt. Pritt was working on his truck outside his home and saw an animal in his flock of sheep about 50 yards away. At first he thought it was a dog but then realized it was a cat animal. It picked up a lamb in his mouth and went over a rail fence down the hill a little ways and started eating on the back leg of the lamb. Pritt got his gun and came after it. He shot and the bullet from the 3.08 went through the lamb and exploded in the shoulder-chest area of the panther; when he saw what it was he called a conservation officer. Within 15 minutes several were there.

Conservation Officer Larry Guthrie, of Durbin, pictured above, took the animal to the Department of Natural Resources Office in Elkins.

He stopped off in Marlinton where a big crowd quickly gathered.

The big cat weighed an even hundred pounds. He was a young male, 1 to 2 years old, 68 inches long from nose to tail (tail was 25 inches long.)

The dictionary says cougar, puma, panther, catamount and mountain lion are all interchangeable.

We couldn't put our hands on any panther facts—or even "unfacts"—but remembered the story of Francis McCoy, who probably killed the last panther killed in Pocahontas before the turn of the century. We checked with his granddaughter, Mrs. Lee Barlow. Theodore Roosevelt records in his "Winning of the West" that Col. Cecil Clay and Francis McCoy killed a panther but I can't find the date. Col Clay was a friend and frequent hunting visitor of McCoy on Day's Run of Williams River. Clay had lost an arm in the Civil War. One hunting trip they treed a panther Clay steadied his gun on McCoys shoulder and shot. The wounded panther fell among the dogs and started mauling them, McCoy rushed in and with bare hands saved the dogs.

As if there wasn't already enough excitment, Tuesday evening the report came that another panther was on Bruffey's Creek. It was bedded down against a fence beneath a rocky ledge on the farm of Norman Walker. The night before his cattle and sheep had tried to push through the fence and now he knew why. The DNR was called and soon officers arrived to observe the animal and to keep it from being disturbed. Federal authorities were also notified as eastern cougars are an endangered species and protected by federal law.

Some who saw it thought this one was bigger than the other one and, by the way it acted, a female about ready to give birth. The tail looked about half as long.

At 1 am the big cat was shot with a tranquilzer gun, ran about 80 yards and collapsed. The men got her in a box and took her to the French Creek Game Farm. A call from Pete Zurbuch Wednesday said a veterinarian verified it was a pregnant female, 65 to 75 pounds. But they question the wildness of the animals because they don't seem to fear humans and this one didn't mind the cage.

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR
THURSDAY, APR. 22, 1976

Panther

The Bruffy Creek panther—the second panther—will stay at French Creek Game Farm, according to present plans. The U. S. Fish and Wildlife Serviice at first asked that it be released in the area where it was found but later changed its request.

Maurice Hornocker, of Idaho, is the recognized authority on cougers, mountain lions, panthers, or what have you. He said they were probably game farm animals. Pete Zurbuch told us Mr. Hornocker says the Eastern and Western cougers are the same species but the Smithsonian people insist there ia a difference. The latter will examine the skull, etc., on the first one that was killed; no report has been received.

The second mountain lion had a tail that had been cut to 4 to 8 inches; the first one's tail was 25 inches long. Some one said it is common for confined young animals to chew off their tails but that may be just talk.

We have had several comments and letters about the possibility of a fine for killing the first animal but a game farm animal wouldn't be a protected species and there seems to be no inclination toward finding fault with a man protecting his property.

Panthers

By Annie L. Cromer

I am surprised that experienced workers in nature are looking for a shy animal in the form of a cougar, mountain lion or as I know it, a panther. They are tame or impudent and very unafraid.

I have heard, seen and been followed by such an animal and have heard many true stories by others from Pocahontas County and Randolph and have yet to hear of one running away from a person.

O, I remember telling Howard Hevener about seeing a panther, a measured 100 yards from our house, walking slowly to the carcass of a sheep that had drowned in a water trough. He laughed, "Annie, you have been drinking too much of the 'mountain water.' "

To set a record straight that a panther hasn't been seen in West Virginia for more than one hundred years. I am not that old and can tell of many times we have heard and seen them on Cheat Mountain.

A few years ago, my husband, Harvey, and his brother, Rube, took a pony on a pickup to a road on Cheat Mountain where they planned to leave it. About two hours before one of our horses had kicked the pony and broke its neck. After a short distance they found they were mired in a swampy road. The truck was stuck. While they worked to get it out, two panthers screamed, one in a tree over them and another one a few feet away in the other direction. Harve and Rube weren t scared? I don't know why they spent the night in the cab of the pickup with the windows up unless they didn't like the screams which can make one feel as if the ground actually trembles. Later, I read that pony meat is a special attraction to this type of wild animal.

I hope there is a fund somewhere that will pay for the loss of the lamb belonging to the farmer who killed the cougar last week. If this man is not paid and is jailed and fined as one paper stated was possible for killing this protected animal and the farmers of the county do not defend him, just maybe the Farm Bureau Woman's Committee may take a stand. I am the chairperson!

The American Circus

The year Nineteen-Seventy Six not only marks our country's bicentennial, but also is the Two Hundredth Anniversary of the American circus. The first American circus was introduced by John Bill Ricketts, in 1776.

The performance was held in an amphitheatre that he built in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. It consisted of a clown, a rope walker, and several equestrian acrobats and their horses. In the years following, small families, groups of acrobats and clowns toured the United States, playing small towns, performing inside roofless canvas walls. These groups would travel from town to town in two or three primitive wagons.

Animal exhibitions became popular at the same time as the early circuses. Later, the traveling circuses and performing animal menageries combined to become what is known today as, "The American Tented Circus." The word circus was derived from the Latin word circulus, meaning circle or ring.

With even the earliest circus, there was always at least one clown. Dan Rice, born in 1823, became the first great American clown, and for years dominated every show he worked. He created such a following that circus owners fought for him. In his circus costume of red-striped tights, blue star-flecked leotard, high hat and goatee, he is reputed to have been the inspiration of our patriotic folk figure, Uncle Sam. He jumped from show to show, and ran his own circus for many seasons, making and losing fortunes.

Circuses today haven't changed much from the eighteen hundreds. They have changed wagons to trucks, old canvas tents to new steel reinforced, fire repellent canvas, aluminum center poles replacing the wooden ones, and much of the hand labor is now mechanized.

Chances are, if you visit the circus grounds early in the morning, you will be able to see a little of the old fashioned hammer crews pounding stakes, although most of it is now done by machine.

As part of the American tradition, "The Roberts Bros. Circus," under the canvas big top, will appear in Marlinton on the 5th day of May, with performances at 6 p. m. and 8 p. m., sponsored by Pioneer Days Committee.

Woman of the Year Named

Peggy Thomas was named Outstanding Volunteer of the Year at the Michigan Community School Education Association's (MCSEA) fall conference on Mackinac Island on October 3. Dr. Bruce Jacobs, director of continuing education, Ferris State College, and past president of the MCSEA presented Mrs. Thomas with a plaque in recognition of her vast contributions to the Bedford schools and community (see picture).

It is impossible to list all of Mrs. Thomas's volunteer activities because they are too numerous. The following are only a few of them.

Mrs. Thomas brought the Kerwin Theatre Ballet Company to the Bedford High School auditorium to perform Tchaikovsky's *Nutcracker Ballet* in December, 1969.

She was chairman of the Bedford House Tour in 1973. All proceeds went to the Bedford Township Public Library. She is a charter member of Friends of the Library and was its vice chairman for two years.

She was chairman for the Community Holiday Fair for two years, a huge fall bazaar which raised money for Community Education and the Friends of the Library.

For the past four years Mrs. Thomas has held monthly antiques classes at the Senior Citizens Center. Her purpose is to make the Seniors aware of their antiques' value. She is an area historian and authority on early American antiques. She is also an RSVP Advisory Board member.

She was in charge of the one-man art show and reception held for Bedford's artist, Howard Schuler, held at the Bedford Library during the month of October.

She has been active in two of the school's PTOs, as president and a board member and as a volunteer mother at a third. She has been director of Bedford's preschool program for the past five years and is currently chairman of Bicentennial events for the schools.

On the local (den mother and Girl Scout leader) and council level, Mrs. Thomas has been active in scouting.

Active in local church work, she has been department church superintendent, a member of the Commission of Education for her church, a church school teacher and she conducted classes for training church school teachers.

In the spring of 1974 she was chairman of Bedford Township's American Cancer Society's fund drive and is a board member of the American Cancer Society.

Mrs. Thomas is on the advisory board for the summer parks program and recently was appointed to the Monroe County Health Board.

She lives in Temperance with her husband, Robert. They have five children: Robi, a junior at Central Michigan University; Ralph, with the Army's 75th Airborne Assault Batallion of the U.S. Rangers; Rich, a junior in high school; Randy, an eighth grader and Philip, a fourth grader.

Mrs. Thomas is the daughter of Mrs. Van (Lucille Zickafoose) Poage, formerly of Marlinton.

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New Minister

Bishop Robert P. Atkinson, Bishop of West Virginia, has appointed the Rev. Dr. Eugene L. TenBrink as Vicar of St. John's Episcopal Church in Marlinton. With his wife, Ruth, Fr. TenBrink lives in the rectory at 811 Ninth Street.

They have four children. Their daughter, Carol Pifer, lives in Wyoming, Michigan, and works in a school for partially handicapped children. Their oldest son, Eugene, lives in Columbus, Ohio, where he is a commercial artist. They have two sons in Bowling Green State Univeriity, near Toledo, Ohio. Calvin is a junior and Victor, a Freshman.

In addition to his responsibilities in St. John's Church, Fr. TenBrink is also in charge of summer services at Grace Episcopal Church at Clover Lick. Along with these two mission churches, Fr. TenBrink has been appointed by Bishop Atkinson as Canon Evangelist for the Diocese of West Virginia. In that capacity the TenBrinks travel all over the state conducting parish renewal teaching missions and retreats. They also work as a team in the ministry of counseling and spiritual healing. They maintain an open household for people who come for the healing of their lives. In this ministry the peace and quiet of Marlinton and the beauty of the mountains around help to bring peace and wholeness to troubled persons who come here.

Before coming to Marlinton, the TenBrinks lived and worked at Trinity Farm Renewal Center near Marietta, Ohio. For twenty years, from 1946-1967, they were missionaries in India, where their three sons were born. Now they are happy to live in Marlinton, one of the most beautiful spots in West Virginia.

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR

THURSDAY, MAY 6, 1976

Episcopal Church History

Continued from a previous paper.

To the Council of 1873 the Rev. Mr. Mason reported that in 1872 "I have been officiating in Huntersville, and on Knapp's Creek (Driscol) once in four weeks, with much to encourage me. Communicants 8. Three candidates for confirmation".

The next year, 1873, Bishop Whittle again visited the church-people in Pocahontas County and reported to the Council of 1874, "July 25, Presbyterian Church, Pocahontas C. H. Confirmed two." The Rev. Mr. Mason reported nine communicants and stated that they were scattered widely over the county which made carrying on a Sunday School difficult but that family and pastoral instruction of the young were diligently attended to. He also informed the Coun-

cil that in Pocahontas County there were five persons awaiting confirmation at the next annual visit of the Bishop. For some reason the Bishop did not make his annual visit that year and four of the five went to Warm Springs and were confirmed by Bishop Whittle in that church. In 1874 an act of the Council of the Diocese of Virginia crowned the work of the Rev. Mr. Mason by declaring the area of Pocahontas County to be Madison Parish in union with the Council of the Diocese of Virginia. The Rev. R. H. Mason had ministered in Pocahontas County over and above his obligations to his own parish in Bath County. Under him the work in Pocahontas had so progressed that Bishop Whittle placed the Rev. Emile J. Hall (in 1877) in Madison Parish as its full time minister. Soon more or less regular appointments were kept for preaching and other ministrations in Driscol, Huntersville, Dunmore, Green Bank, Marlin's Bottom (Marlinton), Hillsboro, Edray, and Clover Lick.

The Diocese of West Virginia Created

As far back as 1851 the clergy of Western Virginia felt the need of a diocese of Western Virginia with its own bishop. To this Bishops Meade and John's objected. Finally, when Bishop Whittle became the Bishop of Virginia he gave his consent and at a special conference of clergy and laity assembled in Trinity Church, Staunton, May 16, 1877 the petition of the parishes of Western Virginia was granted and after approval of General Convention the diocese of Virginia was divided and a new diocese of West Virginia was organized. At the May 16, 1877 conference in Staunton Col. James T. Lockridge of Driscol was the lay-delegate representing Madison Parish, Pocahontas County. Col. James T. Lockridge was therefore one of the founders of the Diocese of West Virginia and Madison Parish, Pocahontas County was one of the organizing parishes.

On December 5, 1877 the clergy and laity of the West Virginia parishes met in St. John's Church, Charleston, to organize the new diocese and to elect a bishop. The Rev. Emile J. Hall and Dr. C. P. Bryan of Clover Lick represented Madison Parish. The Rev. J. H. Eccleston, D.D., Rector of Trinity Church, Newark, New Jersey, was elected bishop.

The Rev. Dr. Eccleston declined the election and a new council had to be called. This council met in Zion Church, Charles Town, February 27, 1878 and was presided over by Bishop Whittle. The representatives from Madison Parish, Pocahontas County, were the Rev. Emile J. Hall and Dr. John Ligon of Clover Lick. The Rev. George Wm. Peterkin, D.D., Rector of Memorial Church, Balitmore, Maryland, was elected bishop. He accepted and was consecrated Bishop of the Diocese of West Virginia May 30, 1878. Madison Parish had a part in the election of the first bishop of the diocese. We learn from a later report of Bishop Peterkin that at one time or another Col. James T. Lockridge, John Ligon, M.D., C. P. Bryan, M.D., Samuel B. Lowry and James Warwick acted as vestrymen of Madison Parish, Pocahontas County, West Virginia.

Madison Parish in the Diocese of West Virginia

When in 1878 Bishop Peterkin paid his first official visit to Pocahontas County he found the Rev. Mr. Hall living in Lewisburg but holding services in Huntersville and Clover Lick. Bishop Peterkin was not a stranger to Pocahontas County. He had campaigned there in 1861 as a Confederate soldier. He came to Pocahontas with the Twenty First Virginia Regiment which on August 6th, 1861 camped on Valley Mountain. The Bishop said that during the 43 days of their encampment it rained thirty seven days. Of the nine hundred men who came to Valley Mountain six hundred came down with typhoid fever or measles. He nursed the sick, and since he had been licensed a Lay Reader by the Bishop at the request of General Pendleton, for those who died he read the Prayer Book Office for the Burial of the Dead. In his History of the Diocese the Bishop says nothing about his care for the sick but does comment, "I attended the funerals of the men of our Brigade, and gave them the last rites of the Church." After the War, at his own expense, the Bishop erected a monument at Mingo to the memory of those who died during that encampment. The Rev. Dr. William T. Price, in his diary, On To Grafton, relates that on his return from the Battle of Philippi (June 1861) that he passed through Marlin's Bottom (Marlinton) on his way back to his Highland County Presbyterian churches. Dr. Price was a volunteer chaplain in Capt. Felix Hull's Company. The Rev. Dr. Price and Bishop Peterkin in later life became warm friends, and in Marlinton and Huntersville Dr. Price's Presbyterian Churches were always open to the use of Bishop Peterkin. One wonders if the two men could have met at Valley Head during the Confederate encampment there.

At any rate when Dr. Price was pastor of the Huntersville and Marlin's Bottom (Marlinton) Presbyterian Churches the Episcopalians held services in both churches, Bishop Peterkin preached in both, and on his visits frequently visited the Rev. Dr. Wm. T. Price. This information I received from his son, my father-in-law, the late Andrew Price, who also told me that when the Rev. Guy H. Crook held Episcopal services in the Marlinton Presbyterian Church he played the organ for him.

The Rev. William T. Price D.D.

Something here may well be said about the Rev. Dr. William T. Price. He was born near what is now Marlinton, July 19, 1830. He pursued studies preparatory for college at the Hillsboro Academy, he was graduated from Washington College (Washington and Lee University) in 1854 and he studied for the ministry of the Presbyterian Church in Union Theological Seminary, Hampden Sydney, Virginia. He was ordained by the Lexington Presbytery and licensed to preach in 1857. In 1865 he married Miss Anna Louise Randolph of Richmond. Their children were James Ward Price, M.D., Andrew Gatewood Price, Attorney-at-Law, Susie A. Price, M.D., Norman Price, M.D., Calvin W. Price, Editor of the Pocahontas Times, and Anna Virginia Price who was married to Frank Hunter. From 1861 to 1869 Dr. Price was pastor of the Highland and Bath counties Presbyterian Churches. From 1870 to 1885 he was pastor of the Cook's Creek Presbyterian Church in Rockingham County and from 1885 to his retirement in 1900 he served as pastor of the Huntersville and Marlinton Presbyterian Churches. His military service as volunteer chaplain in 1861 has been previously referred to. To him and to the sessions of his two churches the Episcopalians owe a debt of gratitude for the Christian courtesy shown them by allowing them to share the churches in the days when they were without their own places of worship.

The Warwick and Ligon Homes at Clover Lick

After the War between the States Dr. John Ligon came to Clover Lick and began the practice of medicine. It was told me that Bishop Peterkin informed him of the opportunity and urged him to come. Dr. Ligon married Miss Sally Warwick, the daughter of John Warwick and Hannah Moffett. The old Warwick house at Clover Lick was replaced by a more elaborate or modern one by Dr. Ligon. This burned in 1884. The Ligons had nine children. In my time as Minister of the parish two of his daughters, Louisa (Mrs. J. J. Coyner) and Annette (Mrs. Luther Coyner) with their children lived at Clover Lick and were active in the work and worship of the Clover Lick Church. Just as the original Warwick family made their home a place of preaching or worship for Presbyterian and other ministers so the Ligons' frequently entertained the bishops and clergy, and prior to the erection of a church had services in their house. Dr. Ligon often acted as a lay reader, conducting the service in his home in the absence of a minister on the Lord's day and doing such other things as might be of spiritual assistance to his patients. For the above information about Dr. Ligon I am indebted to his daughter, Mrs. J. J. Coyner. To Dr. and Mrs. Ligon is due, more than any other persons, the existence of Grace Church, Clover Lick.

Bishop Peterkin's Visits to Madison Parish

Reference has been made to the Bishop's first visit in 1878. The following year, 1879, he made his second visit to the church-members in Pocahontas County. Here is a summary of his report of that visit which he made to the Council of the Diocese in 1880.

On Tuesday, August 17, 1879 he preached in the Presbyterian Church at Mingo, on Wednesday, August 18th he went to Clover Lick and preached in Dr. Ligon's house; on Thursday, on that same day, August 19th, he baptized a child there, and then he went on to Green Bank and preached in the Methodist Church. Of that visit he continues "the few communicants we have in Pocahontas County are very scattered, so that after you reach the county, you have to make quite an extended circuit to visit them. (He made that circuit and he visited them again and again.) As the record of our services will show, we tried during the trip to make the most of our time. On Friday, August 20 I rode five miles to Dunmore and preached in the Presbyterian Church. I preached again in the same place on Sunday morning, and in the afternoon rode fifteen miles to Huntersville and preached in the Presbyterian Church. Sunday night I spent in the country about three miles from town at the home of one of our most zealous Church people (the home of Col. and Mrs. James T. Lockridge at Driscol). Monday morning I rode into Huntersville and baptized three children, and then went on fifteen miles further to Clover Lick. Here I joined Mr. Powers, (the Rev. W. H. H. Powers, then minister at Weston) and Mr. Dame (Rev. George W. Dame, Jr. minister at Clarksburg) and

preached at a school house in the neighborhood, and on Sunday morning at Dunmore and on Sunday night at Green Bank, in each case to large congregations. Mr. Powers had preached three times, in the afternoon to the Colored People at Clover Lick, and in the morning and at night at a schoolhouse about two miles distant.....tomorrow we go to Mingo where I expect to preach." Note in this report and in all others following how often the Methodists and Presbyterians open their churches to him and invite him to preach to them. Note also his custom of taking other clergymen with him on his official visits and having them share with him in his missionary work. Such missionary activity of the Bishop and such brotherly sharing of it with his clergy was most effective in building up the membership and spiritual strength of the Diocese of West Virginia.

The bishop writes of making continual annual visits to Pocahontas county but I can not locate a report of those for the years 1880-1881 and 1882. In his 1884 report to the Council of the Diocese he said "My annual visit to Pocahontas County was made the last week in August. On Saturday, the 30th, in company with the Rev. Dr. Lacy (The Rev. T. H. Lacy, D.D.) I drove from the railroad to Hillsboro, a distance of about forty miles, having service that night. On Saturday, August 31st, we have services both in Hillsboro and in Huntersville, the distance between them being eighteen miles. In Huntersville, we have hope soon to have a lot, and then to go on to the erection of a church. On Monday, we had services at Clover Lick, in Dr. Ligon's house, eighteen miles from Huntersville, and on Tuesday at the school house about three miles higher up the mountain where I confirmed two. At Clover Lick we have a beautiful lot for a church, and we trust the next year to see it built. That night we pushed on to Hillsboro on our return, a distance of about twenty-five miles." (G. W. Peterkin, History of the Diocese of West Virginia, page 843.)

On his 1886 visit Bishop Peterkin took with him the Rev. Mr. Gibson (the Rev. Robert A. Gibson had been in the Seminary with the bishop, had been one time assistant to Bishop Peterkin's father at St. James' Church, Richmond and had been induced by the Bishop to accept a call to Trinity Church, Parkersburg.) The Rev. Mr. Gibson later became Bishop of Virginia. They came to Clover Lick on May 31st and held services in a grove. Mr. Gibson preached and Bishop Peterkin confirmed two individuals.

The Bishop reported to the Council of 1887 that Mr. Lacy was in charge of the parish and that he, the Bishop, had preached in the new church at Clover Lick on Sunday, November 14, 1886. The church there had been built after the Bishop's May 1885 visit and before his visit of Nov. 14, 1886. It was erected during the ministry of the Rev. T. H. Lacy, D.D. but the Bishop wrote in his report that the church at Clover Lick was the direct outcome of the "zealous interest of Mrs. Dr. John Ligon." The Bishop reported that he had again preached in the Huntersville Presbyterian Church and that Dr. C. P. Bryan was warden of the parish. He reported also that a lot had been obtained at Huntersville and that the officers of Madison Parish were Dr. C. P. Bryan, Dr. John Ligon, James W. Warwick, H. M. Lockridge, and R. S. Turk.

The Clover Lick Church

During Bishop Peterkin's annual visit to the parish in 1892 he consecrated Immanuel Church, Clover Lick, on August 21st. He so designates it in his report to Council but puts Grace in brackets. It would appear from this remark of the Bishop that Immanuel was the name first given to the church at its consecration but that it was later called Grace. After some years the church was moved to a new site nearer to the depot. In his address to the Council of 1910 he stated that on Sunday, August 8, 1909, he had consecrated Grace Church, Clover Lick. He says, "This is the old church which was located at a point a mile or so distant, and consecrated August 21, 1892. Owing to the changed population it was deemed best to move it nearer the depot, and so great were the difficulties involved in taking it to pieces, that it may be considered practically a new building." He continued, "Preached in St. John's Church, Marlinton. This is a new building, rendered necessary by the change of the church from Huntersville. (Had a church been built on the Huntersville lot?) The rector and congregation deserve great credit for their energy displayed in the work; and thanks are due to the Hon. John T. McGraw for his liberality in giving a desireable lot. On Monday, August 9th, Bishop Peterkin went to Huntersville and preached in the Presbyterian Church. He said, "notwithstanding the removals, we still have a few faithful members in that neighborhood. Tuesday met with the vestry at Marlinton and consulted with them about building a rectory." 1910 Journal of the Diocese of W. Va., pages 16-17.)

So far this historical account of the work of the Episcopal Church in Poca-

hontas County has been written largely in terms of the visits and activities of the bishops of Virginia and West Virginia. It should be remembered that faithful ministers usually travelled with the bishops on their visitations and they carried on the work with regularity until the next annual episcopal visitation. A list of these men will be given shortly. By such men during the episcopate of Bishop Peterkin services were conducted in such places as Driscol (Minnehaha Springs), Huntersville, Marlinton, Hillsboro, Edray, Clover Lick, Green Bank, Dunmore, and at Campbelltown. Bishops Gravatt, Strider, and Campbell have continued the visitations begun by Bishop Whittle and Peterkin.

St. John's Church
Marlinton

The first services of the Episcopal Church held in Marlinton were held in the Presbyterian Church of which as has been pointed out the Rev. Wm. T. Price, D.D. was pastor from 1885-1900. Marlinton (Marlin's Bottom) derived its name from Jacob Marlin who with Stephen Sewell camped there in 1750-1751. In 1890 John T. McGraw of Grafton purchased the Marlin's Bottom lands. Soon thereafter the name of the Post Office was changed from Marlin's Bottom to Marlinton. The farms were laid off in lots in 1891 and the town began to be. By 1901 the railroad from Ronceverte up the Greenbrier to Marlinton and beyond was completed. Marlinton was incorporated as a town in 1901. The county seat was removed to Marlinton from Huntersville and the latter locality entered a decline. The Rev. Guy H. Crook served the Episcopalian in Marlinton from 1901-1907. The Rev. Jacob A. Hiatt followed him in 1907 and by his efforts on April 28, 1908 "Marlinton

continued

Mission: St. John's Church was organized." By 1911 there were forty-five communicants at Marlinton and 60 Baptized persons belonging to the St. John's Mission. A church was built at a cost of $3,000. and a rectory costing the same amount. Both stood on the lot given by Mr. McGraw. After Mr. Hiatt's departure the rectory was sold but the church remains the property of the parish, title held by trustees, and at the present time its use is shared with members of the Roman Catholic faith who at present do not have a building of their own. The Rev. Mr. Hiatt listed the following vestrymen of the parish (Madison Parish) for Marlinton and for Clover Lick. For St. John's Church, Marlinton: Warden: Blake King. Vestrymen: J. W. Hill, Frank King, Dwight Alexander, and M. E. Pue. Registrar, Blake King. Treasurer, J. W. Hill. The officers for Clover Lick are listed as follows: Warden: W. C. Gardner who also serves as Registrar and Treasurer. Sunday School Superintendent, Sarah Simmons. Lay Readers: W. C. Gardner and Mrs. Eva McNeel.

Ministers who have served Madison Parish, Pocahontas County, West Virginia. The Rev. R. H. Mason, before 1866-1877, The Rev. Emile J. Hall, 1877-1880?, The Rev. Francis D. Lee, --1880--, The Rev. T. H. Lacy, D.D., 1885-1888 or longer, The Rev. Thruston M. Turner, 1897-1899, The Rev. Guy H. Crook 1901-1907, The Rev. Jacob A. Hiatt, 1907-1911. Vacant 1912. The Rev. Josiah Tidbald Carter, 1913-1916, (Bishop Peterkin died 1916), The Rev. F. A. Parsons, 1917-1918, Vacant 1919-1920, The Rev. George J. Cleaveland, D.D., 1921-1924, Vacant 1925-1926-1927, Rev. Robert Tomlinson, 1928-1929 (supplied from Buckhannon), The Rev. Olaf G. Olsen, 1930-1949 (At first he was also in charge of the churches in Greenbrier), Mr. J. L. Welch, 1950-1951 (Church Army), Mr. E. S. Wilson, Lay Reader, 1952-1957; The Rev. C. L. Draper, 1958 (served from St. Thomas, White Sulphur); Mr. John Klatte, 1959-1961 (Church Army); Mr. Edward Wilson, Lay Reader, 1962-65; The Rev. F. H. Dennis, 1966-1970 (Minister at Summersville); The Rev. J. W. Ford, 1971-; The Rev. R. M. Hall, Jr., 1972-1973-(also Minister at Summersville).

Sources: **Journals of the Diocese of Virginia and of West Virginia**, Wm. G. Peterkin, **History of the Diocese of West Virginia.** Rev. Wm. T. Price, D.D., **History of Pocahontas County, W. Va.**